Newport Daily News.

ESTABLISHED 1846. NEWPORT, R. I., MONDAY, MARCH 19, 1900. PRICE TWO CENTS.

Just Received,

Direct from the Orient,
About 250 rolls of **China Mattings** and we venture the assertion that this is the largest stock of mattings ever received in Newport at one shipment.

NOTE OUR PRICES:

55 lb. Mattings,	12 1-2c.	per yard.
65-lb. " "	15c.	" "
75-lb. " "	20c.	" "
85-lb. " "	30c.	" "

SEE WINDOW DISPLAY.

A. C. Titus Company.

MARCH 19.

Our Prices This Week.

Large Turkeys, 13c. per lb.
Coggeshall Farm Eggs, 22c. a doz.; 5 doz. $1.
Fresh Eggs, 16c. per doz.; 7 doz. for $1.
Island Pork.

J. A. & H. H. BARKER.

OVER NINETY YEARS OLD.

Plan for a Ship Canal from Taunton to Boston Not New.

TAUNTON, Mass., March 19.—The plan of Parker C. Chandler for a ship canal between Taunton and Boston, while it has not the merit of novelty, would meet with a warm reception by our people. Early in 1809 a survey for a canal over this route was made, and later a company was organized for the purpose of building it. The issue of "The Columbian Reporter and Old Colony Journal" published in Taunton Wednesday, January 28, 1824, says:

"Some 15 years since surveys were made and the practicability ascertained of opening two canals in the section of the state denominated the "Old Colony." One or both of the surveys were made under the authority of the legislature. For certain reasons, among which, we believe, were the restrictions upon our commerce, and war which soon succeeded, no effectual steps were then taken to accomplish the object proposed, in either instance. The project to open a canal to unite Taunton river with Weymouth river and Boston harbor has within the last year been revived, and a petition to incorporate a company for this purpose was presented at the last winter session of the legislature. This petition has within a few days passed the senate and probably the house of representatives. The act founded upon the petition incorporates the company under the name of the Boston & Long Island Sound Canal Company."

By the other canal, it was proposed to unite the waters of Barnstable and Buzzard's bays. This subject has within a few weeks been brought before the Senate of the United States by Mr. Lloyd, and subsequently has had the attention of the legislature of Massachusetts. In the latter body resolutions have been adopted instructing our Senators and requesting our Representatives in Congress to endeavor to procure the aid of the national government in effecting the object proposed. The facility it would afford to our coasting trade, and particularly its importance in time of war, are urged in the resolutions referred to.

CONSOLIDATION CONFIRMED.

Bell Company Stockholders Asked to Ratify the Transfer.

BOSTON, March 19.—The reported consolidation of the American Bell Telephone Company with the American Telephone and Telegraph Company of New York has received its first distinct official confirmation through the issuance of the call for the annual meeting of the stockholders of the Bell company. This meeting is to be held here March 27, and besides providing for the election of directors the call announces that the stockholders will be asked to authorize the conveyance of the company's entire real estate, ratifying the assignment to the American Telephone & Telegraph Company of the property of the company other than the company's long distance stock, and distributing the shares of the long distance company in exchange for the stock of the Bell company. The transfer books for the meeting are to be closed Friday of this week and will remain closed until next Tuesday.

COMPTROLLER WORKING HARD.

Lively Demand for New Bank Notes and Transfer of Bonds.

WASHINGTON, March 19.—Comptroller of the Currency Dawes and his force are working hard to meet the demands for new bank notes and the transfer of one class of bonds in place of another to secure circulation. The national bank notes issued for six days of last week were $5,611,960, and the net result was to increase the circulation Saturday to $2,257,098,037. This is an increase of $10,000,000 since January 31, and $7,500,000 since February 28. A considerable part of the increase in circulation is due to the orders which are pouring upon the treasury for circulation to par of bonds already pledged as the basis of circulation. The sum of $2,030,000 in new bank notes was shipped by the controller Saturday, of which all but $300,000 was from banks raising circulation to par.

The circulation secured by bonds now stands at $219,211,712, and that acquired by deposits of lawful money and in process of retirement at $37,886,975. The various transfers of bonds by the banks, with withdrawals in some cases, to take advantage of market prices, have had the effect of anticipating the legal limit of $3,000,000 per month for the withdrawal of circulation. The March account has been filled, and the April account has been overdrawn to the amount of $2,150,100. The bonds cannot be withdrawn by the banks any faster than the law permits the retirement of the circulation.

Controller Dawes intends to scrutinize carefully all the applications for new bank charters, whether they come from banks already in existence under state laws or from new applicants for charters. He has instructed the national bank examiners throughout the United States that he will require them in all cases to report upon the character and standing of the applicants for charters.

It is not believed by the treasury officials, in spite of the slight flurry which is taking place among the banks, that any large increase of bank note circulation will occur as the result of the refunding operations.

TEXAS ANTI-TRUST LAW.

Its Constitutionality Sustained by the Supreme Court.

WASHINGTON, March 19.—The Supreme Court of the United States today rendered an opinion in the case of the Waters-Pierce Oil Company against the state of Texas, affirming the decision of the court of civil appeals of the state of Texas. The case involved the constitutionality of the anti-trust law of Texas, which was sustained by today's opinion.

AGAINST THREE-CENT FARES.

Detroit Street Railroad Not Compelled to Reduce Its Rate.

DETROIT, Mich., March 19.—Judge Swan in the United States district court today rendered a decision which denies the validity of an ordinance passed some months since by the city council, requiring the street railway companies to reduce rates of fare to three cents. The court says there is nothing in the charter of the city which authorizes such an ordinance, and he allowed an injunction to restrain the city from enforcing it.

MARCH 13, 1900. ESTABLISHED 1882.

SIDEBOARDS

At Reasonable Prices.

Every sideboard we show is made of beautiful golden oak, all wood being thoroughly seasoned, built by thoroughly first-class workmanship and far superior to much of the cheap work on the market.

We can give an elegant piano-polish sideboard, with beveled French plate, for **$20.** No such sideboard at retail for less than $35.

KAZANJIAN & CO.

Oriental Rugs. China. Furniture.

Second Edition.

BRITISH CONVERGING.

Movement Means More than Relief of Mafeking.

Roberts Meditating an Advance in Force on Pretoria.

LONDON, March 19.—Neither the advance by the way of Fourteen Streams nor Colonel Plumer's movement have yet resulted in bringing news of Mafeking's relief. From Bloemfontein and Natal there are, apparently, no serious developments, and public interest remains centred in Colonel Baden-Powell's force, undistracted by events of greater military importance. However, it appears likely that the converging of the troops towards Mafeking indicates a much more serious purpose than merely its relief.

Judging from Lord Methuen's presence at Warrenton, and the capture of the near-by passage of the Vaal at Fourteen Streams, keen observers believe Lord Roberts meditates an advance in force on Pretoria by way of Rustenburg. This might start either from Fourteen Streams or Kleeksdorp, and would probably coincide with an advance via Bloemfontein and Natal. Thus Lord Methuen may be given the chance to redeem his reputation, as well as General Gatacre.

Commandant Olivier has accomplished another step in his retreat from Northern Cape Colony, evacuating Rouxville and going towards Kroonstadt, where President Steyn is.

Quarrelsome Wounded German Officer.

CAPE TOWN, March 19.—Owing to the quarrelsomeness of Colonel Schiol, the German officer in charge of the Boer artillery, who was wounded and taken prisoner at the battle of Elandslaagte, he has been removed from the prisoners' camp to a transport.

SMALL POX AT PORTLAND.

Patient a Child Who Arrived on a Steamer from Liverpool.

PORTLAND, Me., March 19.—Today the health officers discovered a case of small pox on steamer Vancouver, which arrived here yesterday from Liverpool. The patient is a child, one of the passengers on the steamer, and a foreigner. The child still remains on board, but the steamer is quarantined and all measures are being taken to prevent the spread of the disease. It is probable that the patient will be removed to the pest house on the marine hospital grounds as soon as the building can be put into condition.

NO CAUSE FOR EXCITEMENT.

President Hadley Re-assures the Yale Students Regarding Small Pox.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., March 19.—President Arthur T. Hadley addressed the Yale students at the chapel exercises this morning on the small pox or varioloid scare that is troubling Yale. He said:

"There is in some part of the college community an excitement concerning small pox which is not warranted by the facts. From the first the authorities have adopted the policy of making publicly known and of isolating every case which could give ground for the slightest suspicion. Only two such doubtful cases have developed, one at the colony and the other at 113 Wall street. In view, however, of all the circumstances, the authorities recommend that all students should be vaccinated. In the very improbable contingency that any of you has the disease in his system, running away will not protect you. Least of all will the university countenance any such mistaken policy by contemplating the suspension of any of its regular exercises."

This noon it was officially stated by both the attending physicians and the city health officer that the case of William David Brennan is one of measles. The case of young Parks is still doubtful and is being treated with all the precautions usual in case of varioloid. G. W. Perkins, the first patient, is proceeding towards recovery and will go to his home soon. The case of young Bailey is also now found to be one of measles.

The following official digest of the situation is given out by the college authorities: One case of varioloid, one doubtful case, probably vaccine rash; two cases of measles.

WOMEN ON AN EQUALITY WITH MEN.

Polish National Alliance of America Assembled in Chicago.

CHICAGO, March 19.—Delegates from a dozen cities and many towns, representing societies in the Polish National Alliance of America, have gathered in Chicago to attend the special convention of the central organization, which began here today and will continue throughout this week.

Among the more important subjects for consideration is the new constitution, which it is said will unite the life insurance feature with the educational and patriotic feature of the old constitution. For the first time in the history of the organization, women will be admitted to membership, on an equal footing with men.

The New York Times will be published daily on the grounds of the universal exposition to be held at Paris.

THREE FORTS DESTROYED.

British Forces in North Borneo Pursuing the Rebels.

TACOMA, Washn., March 19.—Steamer Glenogle brings news from Hong Kong that the British forces in North Borneo have been pursuing rebels led by Mat Salleh with great persistence for weeks. Taking advantage of a heavy fog, Captain Harrington of the North Borneo constabulary advanced with his force February 5, and occupied a hill commanding three large stockaded forts occupied by Salleh. Harrington's seven-pounder was at once brought into action. The first shell penetrated one of the forts, and bursting set it on fire. Another shell directed at the fort occupied by Salleh unroofed it. This advantage was followed up so quickly that all three forts were quickly destroyed, causing the rebels who escaped to take to the forests. Several score of rebels were killed. Harrington's expedition was delayed from further operations by a shortage in the supply of ammunition. More supplies have been despatched from Labuan.

LITTLE PROSPECT OF AGREEMENT

Machinists Preparing for a General Strike.

CHICAGO, March 19.—In view of the failure of all efforts for a settlement of the machinists' strike, National President James O'Connell announces that the last details of plans for calling a national strike this week of 70,000 union machinists are being perfected. Mr. O'Connell had put himself in communication during the day with the local unions of several of the big cities East and West. He declares that all is in readiness for a general walkout before April 1.

Another meeting probably will be held here this afternoon or evening, between the executive committee of the International Association of Machinists and the administrative council of the National Metal Trades' Association, and a last effort made to agree on a basis of adjustment of the difficulties existing between the men and the employers. In case no agreement is reached the members of the machinists' executive committee will at once leave the city to superintend the calling of strikes of machinists in various parts of the country, in pursuance of the plan to make the strike a general one. There seems to be little prospect of an agreement being reached, as the machinists insist that the scheme for arbitration shall not be based on the return to work of the striking Chicago machinists pending the settlement of their difficulties, on which point the meeting of Saturday was unable to agree.

LIKE THE PAN-AMERICAN CONFERENCE.

Suggestion of an International Congress Favorably Received.

NEW YORK, March 19.—The State Department has been more than gratified by the prompt and cordial responses received from all the nearer American republics to the formal suggestion recently made by the United States to the assembly of a general congress of all the independent governments on this continent, similar to the pan-American conference which met in Washington in 1889, says the Washington correspondent of the Tribune. Sufficient time has not elapsed for replies to Secretary Hay's letter to come from the more distant governments of South America, but their representatives here give assurances which dispel any doubt as to the unanimity of all republics between the Atlantic and the Pacific as regards the proposal to meet as soon as possible, with a view of broadening the scope and extending the advantages of the agreements reached 10 years ago. The meeting will be held, according to present intentions, at the City of Mexico, beginning in February or March, 1901.

It is intended that the coming conference shall direct its deliberations toward the establishment of better trade facilities by rail as well as by sea and other material benefits. The health of the continent, especially concerted measures to keep the bubonic out of the New World, will undoubtedly be studied by the conference as one of the most important objects which now require aggressive co-operation at every port from Halifax around Cape Horn to St. Michaels.

NEW CHAIRS CREATED.

Two Hundredth Anniversary of the German Academy of Sciences.

BERLIN, March 19.—The two hundredth anniversary of the opening of the Academy of Sciences was celebrated in the white hall of the royal castle today. Emperor William made a speech, during which he paid a tribute to the services of the institution, which has received many favors from all the Prussian kings.

The emperor announced the creation of chairs of study of the German language and literature, and proceeded: "The academy leads mankind to a deeper knowledge of divine truth. As in the words of Goethe, the theme of the world's history is the conflict between faith and unbelief, and the influence of God over the human race. So may God grant, as Liebnitz desired, that science in all ages may promote the honor of God and the welfare of humanity."

Gymnastic Contests at the Paris Exposition.

CHICAGO, March 19.—Information regarding the gymnastic section of the international contests in physical exercises and sports at the Paris exposition has been received at the offices of the commissioner general here. A gymnasium contest will be open to the whole world, with the exception of professionals who have exhibited in public, in circuses and theatres, the contests to take place July 29 and 30 on the bicycle track at the Bois de Vincennes. No gymnasts under 18 years of age will be admitted.

Some Summer Styles.

Your choice while they are fresh.

Commerford, Tailor, 218 Thames Street.

SMOKE

"Postoffice Square"

—AND—

"NUMBER 83"

5c. Cigars,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,

—OF—

J. D. Richardson & Co.,

306 Thames St., Opp. Postoffice.

A CARD.

THANKING MY MANY PATRONS OF '99 I WISH TO ANNOUNCE THAT THE SAMPLES FOR 1900 EAGLE BICYCLES HAVE ARRIVED AND ARE ALREADY SELLING AT SIGHT. I INVITE CRITICISM.

B. J. FOY.

TELEPHONE 333-4.

GRAND DISPLAY

—OF—

Men's and Boys' Clothing and Furnishings.

Everything that is new and nobby represented in our line, and the prices—well we don't like to brag or harp on low prices—come in and see for yourself. We'll let you judge.

MODEL CLOTHING CO.

192 & 194 Thames Street.

HETTY GREEN DENIES IT.

Statement That Her Daughter Will Wed a Spanish Duke.

NEW YORK, March 19.—It is given out by a close friend of the Duke de la Torre of Spain that Miss Sylvia Green, daughter of "the richest woman in the world," Mrs. Hetty Green, will soon wed the duke. According to the duke's friend, the duke has paid attention to Miss Green since he arrived in this city six weeks ago. They met at the home of a friend, and since that time many dinner parties and theatre parties have been given by the duke in honor of Miss Green. This has been noticed particularly during the last few weeks.

Miss Green, although an heiress of "the richest woman in the world," has little property of her own. It is also said that, while she and her mother are on good terms, there has been very little communication between them for several years. The Duke de la Torre, the gossips say, is, comparatively speaking, worth little. His income is said to be about $4,000 a year.

In answer to questions as to the truth of the rumor of her engagement, Miss Green said she had nothing to say. Mrs. Hetty Green, when visited at her apartments in Hoboken, said: "This is the first I have heard of such a thing. It's just one of those lies they are always starting about me and my children."

STEAMERS ARRIVED.

Bremen, March 18, Munchen, from Baltimore.
New York, March 18, La Gascogne, from Havre.
New York, March 19, Tauric, from Liverpool.
Boston, March 19, Livonian, from Glasgow.

POWELL'S

Cough Syrup.

Excellent for Coughs and Colds.

PREPARED BY

FRANK L. POWELL,

COR. THAMES AND PELHAM STS.

The Superiority of

Our Boys' Clothing

Is based on knowledge—experience—care.

Knowledge,
Made sure by tests that the cloth is positively all wool;

Experience,
Of tailors who, working for boys only, are best qualified to make what boys want and

Care
That every suit is absolutely correct in fashion fit and finish before it leaves the store.

This applies to the low-priced as well as the better grades.

Newport One-Price Clothing Co.

LILLIPUTIAN BAZAAR, SECOND FLOOR.

G. E. Vernon & Co.,

IMPORTED AND DOMESTIC

Modern and Antique

FURNITURE

—AND—

Upholstery Goods.

Plans and estimates for Furnishing and Decorating Interiors complete submitted upon application.

91 John St.

NEWPORT.

A Stirring Sale

—OF—

PETTICOATS

—AT—

The BEE HIVE.

Here is an opportunity the like of which has never been offered before. $1.25 Petticoats, yes, they are $1.25 Petticoats, nothing can change that, not even the fact that we will sell them at 98c.

That's the price here, Only 98c.

In black, red, cerise and helio shades. See them displayed in our window and buy them quick as they will not last long.

Other high grade Mercerized Silk Petticoats, in all colors, made in the latest styles, with ruffles and fluting, at $1.98, $2.75 and $2.98.

A Full Line of Jersey Corset Covers

In high neck, long and short sleeves, high and square neck and sleeveless, just received.

The E (easy) Z Waists

For Boys and Girls; they yield to every motion, are ventilating and healthful, in all size and in two qualities, at 15c. and 25c.

10 dozen Wrappers.

(Not calico) but made of the best quality, Sea Island Percale, with shoulder ruffle and flounce, skirt 4½ yards wide, in medium colors and all pretty designs, actual value $1.50, at only 98c.

There are just 10 dozen in sizes 32 to 44 and there are no more.

FURNITURE COUPONS GIVEN WITH CASH PURCHASES WHEN ASKED FOR.

This Morning's News.

ON BIGGARSBERG RANGE.

Boers Hold Two Positions, on the New-Castle and Dundee Roads.

LONDON, March 18.—A despatch from Ladysmith to the Times, dated today, says: "Our advanced camp is on Sunday's river, two miles north of Rhodslaagte. The Boers hold two positions on the Biggarsberg range, about 10 miles north. The strongest is on the Newcastle road, where several guns have already been mounted and where they are digging extensive trenches. The second position, which is on the Dundee road, is not strong."

This afternoon the war office received the following despatch from Field Marshal Lord Roberts, dated at Bloemfontein, today:

"The Guards brigade returned yesterday from Norval's Pont. Several burghers have laid down their arms to General Pole Carew at Edenburg and elsewhere.

"The officer commanding at Belmont reports that some deserters have come in with a Maxim, a nine-pounder and another gun. Another nine-pounder has been brought into Colesberg.

"The cavalry brigade has gone to Thaba Nchu, in order to reassure the inhabitants of the district and to distribute copies of the proclamation to the people of the Free State. These proclamations are being eagerly sought after.

"Lord Methuen reached Warrenton March 16. He was in time to prevent the bridge from being completely destroyed, and to secure the pont on the Vaal.

"The English mail was dispatched from here by rail yesterday, and tomorrow the regular railway service with Cape Town will be reopened.

"Mafeking reports that all was well March 6."

A despatch to the Daily News from Bloemfontein, dated Friday, says: "Events have occurred which induce me to predict that the war will only last so long as it takes to march to Pretoria. The educated Boers, even the Transvaalers, are ready to accept the inevitable.

"I am told that a corps of 2,000 women has been formed at Pretoria. It is called the Amazon corps. All the members are uniformed in kilts and are armed."

A Cape Town despatch says: Despatches received here announce that the mounted force from Kimberley, proceeding to the relief of Mafeking, arrived at Warrenton Friday. As the force neared Windsorton the Boers evacuated the town, blowing up the bridge.

It is reported that the rebels who refused to accompany the Transvaalers when the latter vacated Taungs and Vryburg, are preparing to trek into Damaraland on the approach of the British, but that the Hottentot chiefs are getting ready to bar their escape.

REBELS ACTIVE.

Manila a Centre of the Trouble, and Other Places Threatened.

MANILA, March 18.—General Otis considers Manila the most troublesome centre in the situation today. The insurgent junta here, in conjunction with that in Hong Kong, is growing active. The military authorities have been forced to put a stop to Mabini's intercourse with the public. The local and foreign press considers his recent utterances calculated to incite the Filipinos to a continued revolt, and prejudicial to American control.

Flores, who has just arrived here, says he comes trusting to American leniency, and that he would not have dared come to Manila if Spain were yet in control. He cherishes the hopes and aspirations which actuated him when in the field, and desires to watch congressional action upon the question of the Philippines. The insurgents, he says, do not expect to vanquish the Americans, but are maintaining a resistance with the idea of forcing Congress to accord to them the best possible terms.

A number of representative insurgent leaders from different parts of Luzon have recently been in conference in Manila. Some have been placed under arrest, but the others, thus far, have not been interfered with. It is asserted upon good authority that three lands of arms and ammunition have recently been landed on the east coast of Luzon.

The insurgents are reorganizing in several provinces, and evidence accumulates of the treason and perfidy of the municipal presidents in the provinces of General MacArthur's district. Spaniards and Filipinos unite in asserting that Aguinaldo's capture would terminate the revolution. Three months have passed since he was actively pursued.

REFUNDING SUCCESSFUL.

Applications for New Bonds Foot up Over $60,000,000.

WASHINGTON, March 18.—The success of the refunding plan in the new gold standard bill is regarded at the treasury as completely assured. The applications for the refunding of old bonds up to the close of business yesterday reached a total of $50,619,150. Nearly all of these come from national banks, which will get the benefit of a reduced tax on circulation when circulation is based upon the new bonds.

The designs for the new bonds are being drawn at the bureau of engraving and printing, and are practically complete in the case of the bond for $1,000. A portrait of Thomas H. Benton, one of the original gold standard men of the United States, who won the nickname of "Old Bullion" because of his resolute support of a gold currency, will be the principal feature of this bond.

The coupon bonds will be issued according to an entirely new design. The face will be of the same size as the registered bonds, and the coupons will be in three leaves instead of one great sheet, as under the present form. These leaves will contain 40 coupons for each leaf, in five rows of eight coupons in a row, the total representing the 120 coupons for quarterly payments for 30 years.

The coupon bonds will have the coats of arms of all the states upon their face, but arranged in a different manner from the registered bonds, where the coats-of-arms will form a partial wreath upon the back.

Comptroller Dawes and his force are working at high pressure to meet the demands for new bank notes, and the transfer of one class of bonds in place of another to secure circulation. The national bank notes issued for six days of last week were $5,611,060, and those destroyed were only $1,183,320. The national bank note circulation yesterday was $257,026,687. The circulation secured by bonds now stands at $219,211,712, and that secured by deposits of lawful money and in process of retirement at $37,886,075.

It is not believed by the treasury officials that any large increase of bank note circulation will occur as the result of the refunding operations.

The cash balance has gone up by leaps and bounds during the present calendar year, and stood at $157,792,982 yesterday. This is explained by the excess of customs and internal revenue receipts over ordinary expenditures.

POLICE PROBING TO BE PUSHED.

But Chief Devery Says His Men Are Doing Their Duty.

NEW YORK, March 18.—Bernard J. York, president of the board of police commissioners, has been subpoenaed, and will appear as a witness tomorrow morning before the grand jury. Despite reports that that body's investigation of the police department would probably be deferred tomorrow in favor of the inquiry into the affairs of the Third Avenue railroad, there is the best of authority for stating that the probing of the police department will go straight ahead on the lines already laid down.

There is not likely to be any immediate shake-up of captains or inspectors in the police department. The deepest interest was felt in Tammany circles today in the announcement that John F. Carroll has sent his younger brother, William, to England, as a personal messenger, to lay the situation before Mr. Croker. But Tammany leaders refused to discuss the subject.

When asked if any shake-up in the police department was contemplated, Chief Devery shook his head somewhat impatiently. "No," he said. "My men are doing their duty, and I see no cause for any changes."

CONGREGATION JESHUAT ISRAEL.

The Congregation Jeshuat Israel held its annual meeting at the Touro Synagogue Sunday, electing the following officers for the year:

President—Julius Engel.
Vice President—Joseph Davidson.
Secretary—Max Levy
Treasurer—Sigmond Weiss.
Trustees—Isaac Levy, Israel J. Josephson, Barney W. Wilsker.

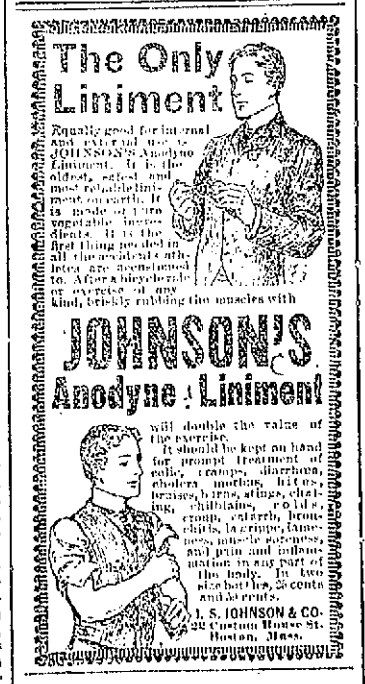
AROUND RHODE ISLAND.

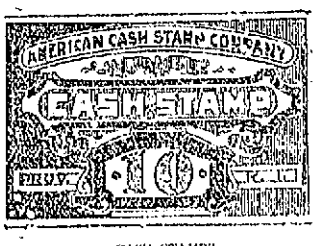
The factory of the National India Rubber Company at Bristol was shut down Saturday for two weeks, in order to make an estimate of the stock on hand and to repair machinery. This factory has been operated very steadily for the past year, and will resume operations April 2. About 1,100 hands are employed. While the stock taking business and repairing are going on quite a number of the hands will have work.

The cottage residence of the family of Antonio Simone, who died Thursday, situated in Cranston, at Thornton village, was the scene of an exciting episode Saturday forenoon. The body of Simone was resting on a bier with lighted candles around it. In an accidential manner the flames of one of the candles ignited drapings which blazed quickly, and for a few moments it seemed likely that the fire would spread and destroy the home of the family. Fortunately there was a woman among those present who had the presence of mind to act effectively, and she drowned the blaze with pails of water, while others seemed powerless to move or act in any way, except to give utterance to cries of fright. No damage of consequence was done.

The engineering department of the New York, New Haven & Hartford railroad has about completed the plans by which it is proposed to abolish the grade crossings within the limits of Pawtucket and Central Falls. One plan provides for a depression of the tracks and the other for their elevation. The plans will be ready for inspection within 10 days, it is stated. The delay was occasioned by the rush of general work in the department. There is a great deal of detail to be gone through with in connection with abolishing the death traps and a few years more may elapse before there is any great activity in the matter.

It is stated on reliable authority that the Charlton Manufacturing Company, whose plant was practically destroyed by fire a few weeks ago, will rebuild at Ingrahamville despite the inducements offered to locate elsewhere. The plans for the new plant have been practically completed and the contract for building will probably be awarded this week, when there will be a meeting of the stockholders for this purpose. The new plant will be equipped with the latest improved machinery and will in every detail be a model plant for the business of the concern.





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THOMAS KITCHEN.

Coupes and Victorias

To let with careful drivers.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

VINOL

How to get at the Kernel.

Nature has taught the squirrel how best to get at the desirable portion of a nut.

Science has taught us how to get at only the medicinal part of cod liver oil.

We have succeeded in obtaining in a concentrated state the medicinal principles that have made cod liver oil famous, and have discarded the vile-tasting and useless grease.

The result is Vinol.

Vinol, as a rebuilder, a tonic-reconstructor, a flesh-creator and blood-purifier, stands to-day without an equal.

Remember, We Guarantee Vinol. We Will Satisfy You or Return Your Money.

JAMES T. WRIGHT,
Pharmacist,
Washington Square.

CLOTHING.

Are coming in now in "snoozy" shapes in Derbys, Alpines and Crush Hats. We make a specialty of the well-known Lamson & Hubbard hat, one that equals any hat made in appearance and wear, no matter what price. All the leading shapes.

NEIL McLENNAN,
268 Thames St., U. S. Hotel Building.

Covert Overcoatings,

Plain, herringbone and diamond check finish, suitable for early spring.

EDWARD OTTO
244 Thames St.

Speaking of Dress,

Would not a Nice Suit, Top Coat, pair of Trousers, or a Fancy Vest be just the thing?

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IT IS THE BEST ROOF KNOWN FOR FLAT SURFACES.

Warranted to last not less than 15 years and not over 20 years. Made with 5 ply, tarred between and tar and gravel on top.

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To fit up your old wheel or trade for a new one? We can help you in either case. Call and get prices and see the new models at

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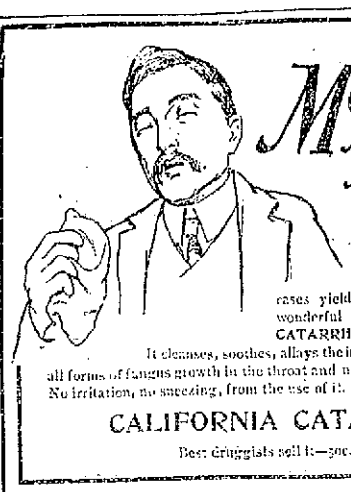

Morning Noon Night!

Headache, Vertigo, Confusion, —morning, noon and night. Hawking, spitting, snuffling—that's Catarrh! Suffer no more. The California Catarrh Cure absolutely cures all kinds of Catarrh. The most obstinate cases yield quickly and surely to Nature's wonderful herb remedy THE CALIFORNIA CATARRH CURE.

It cleanses, soothes, allays the inflamation and effectually destroys all forms of fungus growth in the throat and nasal passages. Safe, simple, sure. No irritation, no sneezing, from the use of it.

CALIFORNIA CATARRH CURE.

Best druggists sell it—50c. and $1 bottles.

STATE OF RHODE ISLAND AND PROVIDENCE PLANTATIONS.

OFFICE OF THE SECRETARY OF STATE
Providence, February 9, 1900.

At the present session of the General Assembly, begun and holden at Providence, on the thirteenth day of January, 1900, a Resolution in the words following was this day adopted, viz:

RESOLUTION PROPOSING AN AMENDMENT TO THE CONSTITUTION OF THE STATE.

RESOLVED, A majority of all the members elected to each house of the general assembly voting therefor, that the following amendment to the constitution of the state be proposed to the qualified electors of the state, in accordance with the provisions of Article XIII of the constitution, for their adoption, to be denominated Article XI of amendments:

ARTICLE XI.

Section 1. There shall be a session of the general assembly at Providence commencing on the first Tuesday of January in each year. The senators and representatives shall severally receive the sum of five dollars, and the speaker of the house of representatives ten dollars, for every day of actual attendance, and eight cents per mile for traveling expenses in going to and returning from the general assembly: Provided, that no compensation or mileage shall be allowed any senator or representative for more than sixty days attendance in any calendar year. The general assembly shall regulate the compensation of the governor and of all other officers, subject to the limitations contained in the constitution.

Sec. 2. The governor, lieutenant-governor, secretary of state, attorney-general, general treasurer, and senators and representatives in the general assembly shall be elected at town, ward and district meetings, on the Tuesday next after the first Monday in November annually, commencing A. D. 1901, and shall severally hold their offices for one year from the first Tuesday of January next succeeding their election, and until their successors are elected and qualified.

Sec. 3. When the governor-elect shall die, remove from the state, refuse to serve, become insane, or be otherwise incapacitated, the lieutenant-governor-elect shall be qualified as governor at the beginning of the term for which he was elected. When both the governor and lieutenant-governor-elect, or either the lieutenant-governor, secretary of state, attorney general or general treasurer-elect are so incapacitated, or when there has been a failure to elect any one or more of the officers mentioned in this section, the general assembly shall, upon its organization, meet in grand committee and elect some person or persons to fill the office or offices, as the case may be, for which such incapacity exists, or as to which such failure to elect occurred. When the general assembly shall elect any of said officers because of the failure of any person to receive a plurality of the votes cast, the election in each case shall be made from the persons who received the same and largest number of votes.

Sec. 4. If the offices of governor and lieutenant-governor be both vacant, by reason of death or otherwise, they shall be filled by the general assembly in grand committee, and the acting governor shall, if the general assembly is not then in session, call a special session thereof for that purpose within twenty days after both of said offices become vacant, if a stated session is not sooner to occur.

Sec. 5. In case of a vacancy in the office of secretary of state, attorney-general, or general treasurer, from any cause, the general assembly in grand committee shall elect some person to fill the same: Provided, that if such vacancy occurs when the general assembly is not in session the governor shall appoint some person to fill such vacancy until a successor elected by the general assembly is qualified to act.

Sec. 6. When a senator or representative-elect shall die, remove from the state, refuse to serve, become insane, or be otherwise incapacitated, or when at an election for any senator or representative no person shall receive a plurality of the votes cast, a new election shall be held. A vacancy in the senate or house of representatives shall be filled at a new election. The general assembly shall provide by general law for the holding of such elections at such times as to insure that each town and city shall be fully represented in the general assembly during the whole of every session thereof, so far as is practicable. Every person elected in accordance with this section, shall hold his office for the remainder of the term, or for the full term, as the case may be, of the office which he is elected to fill, and until his successor is elected and qualified.

Sec. 7. In elections by the general assembly in grand committee the person receiving a majority of the votes shall be elected. Every person elected by the general assembly to fill a vacancy, or pursuant to section 3 of this article, shall hold his office for the remainder of the term or for the full term, as the case may be, and until his successor is elected and qualified.

Sec. 8. A quorum of the grand committee shall consist of a majority of all the members of the senate and a majority of all the members of the house of representatives duly assembled, pursuant to an invitation from one of said bodies which has been accepted by the other, and the acceptance of which has been communicated by message to the body in which such invitation originated, and each house shall be attended by its secretaries and clerks. No act or business of any kind shall be done in grand committee other than that which is distinctly specified in the invitation by virtue of which such grand committee is assembled, except to take a recess or to dissolve: Provided, that the grand committee may appoint a sub-committee of its own members to count any ballots delivered to it and report the result of such count.

Sec. 9. The governor, lieutenant-governor, secretary of state, attorney-general, general treasurer, and senators and representatives in the general assembly in office when this amendment goes into effect, shall continue to hold their offices with the powers and duties and subject to the limitations prescribed therein for like officers, until the first Tuesday in January, A. D. 1902, and until their successors are elected and qualified. Vacancies in their number from any cause shall be filled in the manner which is prescribed by law at the time of their occurrence. All officers who are continued in office beyond the stated time for which they were elected or appointed shall receive a pro rata compensation for their increased term of service, based upon the compensation provided for in this amendment or by law.

Sec. 10. The first election of officers named in the next preceding section under this amendment shall be held upon the Tuesday next after the first Monday in November, A. D. 1901. The town, ward and district meetings thereof shall be warned and conducted, and the result thereof determined, authenticated and declared in the manner at that time prescribed by law, and the persons then elected shall hold their offices from the said first Tuesday in January, A. D. 1902, and thereafter until their successors are elected and qualified.

Sec. 11. The general assembly shall provide by law for the registration necessary to qualify persons to vote at said first election, which registration shall close on the last day of June, A. D. 1901, and after the adoption of this amendment no person of whom registration is or may be required by law shall be permitted to vote unless his name shall have been registered in the town or city where he resides on or before the last day of June next preceding the time of his voting. For all elections by the people held before said Tuesday next after the first Monday in November, A. D. 1901, the qualifications of the electors shall be such as were required by the constitution and laws existing at the time of the adoption of this amendment.

Sec. 12. This amendment shall take in the constitution of the State the place of Sections 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 and 9 of Article VIII, "Of Elections," and of section 11 of Article IV, "Of the Legislative Power," and of Article III of the amendments to the constitution, which said article and sections, and all other provisions of the constitution inconsistent herewith, are hereby annulled.

The names of all the members who voted thereon, with the yeas and nays, are as follows, viz:

IN THE SENATE.

Yeas.

Henry F. Anthony, East Providence; Albert S. Babcock, Hopkinton; Thomas G. Carr, Jamestown; Leiloy L. Chilson, Woonsocket; William W. Congdon, North Kingstown; Alexander G. Cruzan, Westerly; Benjamin Brown, Warren; Thomas H. Browne, Foster; Frank E. Dutemple, Exeter; Henry P. Eldridge, East Greenwich; Edward L. Freeman, Central Falls; John R. Hicks, Tiverton; Samuel B. Hoxie, Jr., Charlestown; Alfred W. Kenyon, Richmond; William T. Lewis, Jr., Barrington; Henry C. Luther, Johnston; Franklin P. Manchester, Lincoln; Frederic J. Otts, North Smithfield; Nicholas F. Reiner, North Providence; Benjamin F. Robinson, Jr., South Kingstown; George W. Simmons, Bristol; J. Edward Stadley, Providence; John Warner, Coventry; Andrew B. Whipple, Smithfield.

Yeas, 24.

Nays.

James E. Banigan, Pawtucket; Howard W. Farnum, Glocester; Peter J. Gaskin, Cumberland; Jeremiah W. Horton, Newport; John J. Lacr, Burrillville; Elbridge I. Stoddard, Portsmouth; A. Herbert Ward, Middletown.

Nays, 7.

IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES

Yeas.

Henry C. Anthony, Portsmouth; James H. Arnington, East Providence; George L. Barber, Exeter; John T. Blodgett, Providence; William W. Blodgett, Pawtucket; Joseph Bouvier, Woonsocket; Walter F. Brayton, Cranston; George T. Briggs, South Kingstown; H. Martin Brown, Providence; Joseph E. Burlingame, Warwick; Clarence O. Carpenter, Warwick; Nathaniel C. Carpenter, East Greenwich; William H. Comstock, Lincoln; William D. Cross, Charlestown; Harry C. Curtis, Providence; Walter H. Durfee, Providence; Lotloy Fales, Central Falls; Edwin J. France, Woonsocket; George H. Grant, Providence; Francis W. Greene, Warwick; Edwin S. Hall, North Kingstown; Albert V. Hicks, Woonsocket; Christopher L. Holden, Providence; Frank E. Holden, Woonsocket; George T. Howard, Little Compton; Theodore S. Hughes, Johnston; Clarke H. Johnston, Foster; Charles Dean Kimball, Providence; Sanford E. Kinnecom, North Providence; George R. Lawton, Tiverton; Jean C. LeBlanc, Woonsocket; Ray G. Lewis, New Shoreham; Louis L. Mailhot, Lincoln; Clarence H. Mathewson, Smithfield; Joseph C. Moore, Westerly; Whiting Metcalf, Richmond; Oscar A. Newell, Central Falls; George A. Noble, Barrington; Ezra K. Parker, Coventry; Samuel L. Peck, Warren; George L. Pierce, Providence; James A. Pirco, Providence; Eugene B. Ponton, Central Falls; C. Alvin Potter, Cranston; John L. Remlinger, Providence; Stephen S. Rich, East Providence; Albert Roberts, Providence; Harry H. Shepard, Bristol; Elisha C. Stillman, Hopkinton; John J. Watson, Jr., Jamestown.

Yeas, 51.

Nays.

Louis Beaudry, Pawtucket; Michael T. Burnes, Cumberland; James R. Chase, Middletown; George K. Corrigan, Pawtucket; John H. Crosby, Newport; John J. Fitzgerald, Pawtucket; Lucius F. C. Garvin, Cumberland; Thomas O'Brien, Pawtucket; William H. Salisbury, Pawtucket; John P. Sanborn, Newport; Sayles B. Steere, Glocester; George E. Vernon, Newport; John H. Wetherell, Newport.

Nays, 13.

Attest: CHARLES P. BENNETT, Secretary of State.

JOHN S. LANGLEY,
Funeral Director
—AND—
EMBALMER.

Frederick E. Langley,
ASSISTANT.

Office 16 Franklin St. Residence 1 School St. Telephone at office and residence.

Seed Potatoes and Fertilizer.

My celebrated Chittenden's Potato Fertilizer has arrived.

My first car of Maine Seed Potatoes consisting of Early Rose, Early Northern, Queens, White Rose, Beauty of Hebron and Early Fortune will arrive about the 12th of this month. Please call in and look at my stock before purchasing elsewhere.

Do not forget that I have all kinds of strictly fresh and reliable vegetable and garden seeds.

My Sweet Peas consist of thirty different varieties.

80 Broadway. H. L. DEBLOIS.

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COAL AND WOOD.

Don't neglect your coal bin because the winter seems over. These are chilly days and the season of sneezes and snuffles. Our COAL is of best quality, clean and dry. Try it.

PINNIGER & MANCHESTER,
341 Thames Street. Perry Mill Wharf.

A Wise Housekeeper

Keeps her slate and pencil handy and puts down her needs as they arise. Then she sends to Gardiner's yards if she needs coal for cooking or heating purposes, because there is no white ash coal on the market that can hold a candle to our Pittston Coal. New scales. Weight absolutely correct.

TheGardiner B. Reynolds Co.
OPPOSITE POSTOFFICE.

DRUGGISTS.

Try Downing's
Special Compound
For that Cough and Hack.

This preparation will positively cure coughs, colds, influenza, and all affections of the throat and lungs.

PREPARED ONLY BY
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PHARMACISTS,
42 & 44 BROADWAY.

Homeopathic Remedies

A full line of Boericke & Tafel's Humphrey's, Munyon's and Bromo Remedies. Also Humphrey's Veterinary Remedies always in stock.

GEO. A. WOOD, Druggist,
106 Broadway, Newport, R. I.

Wright's Tolu, Tar and Wild Cherry.

A sure and speedy cure for Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis and all diseases of throat and lungs.
JAMES T. WRIGHT, Pharmacist.
22 WASHINGTON SQUARE.

WM. H. COTTON,
Druggist and Apothecary,
Old No. 145. New No. 226 THAMES STREET.

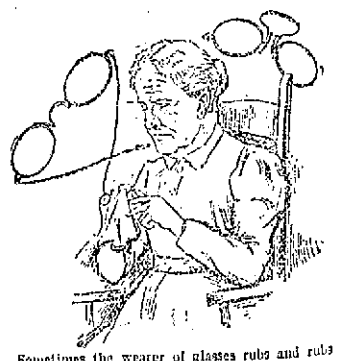
Try our 20c. Chocolates, Buttercups and Molasses Candy,
MADE FRESH EVERY DAY.

For colds there is nothing better than our Molasses Peppermints, made from pure molasses.

Ice Cream, Ices and Fresh Cakes always on hand.

C. F. Frasch,
170 THAMES STREET.

What Ails the Glasses.



Sometimes the wearer of glasses rubs and rubs to polish them in order to remove that blurry sensation. That blur does not come from the glass but does come because the glasses are not the ones fitted to the eye. To avoid further trouble you should change them. Get those that fit. I provide perfect-fitting glasses for imperfect eyes.

L. N. VAUGHAN,
Refracting and Dispensing Optician,
88 BROADWAY, NEWPORT.

For the Cheapest and Most Desirable
AWNINGS
—TRY—
Wilmarth, 174 Bellevue Avenue

AFTERNOON AND EVENING.

Two Performances Each Day During the Entire Week.

The Opera House will be occupied this week by the Wolford Sheridan Company which will begin its engagement this evening and thereafter give afternoon and evening performances daily. The repertoire will include "Cast Adrift," "The Power of the Cross," "The Russian Spy," "Lady Audley's Secret," "On the Mississippi," "A Soldier of Africa," "The Heart of Arkansaw," "The Brand of Cain," "The Smugglers" and "The Pulse of New York." The company is headed by Miss Mamie Sheridan Wolford, and in addition to the plays a number of specialties will be introduced between the acts.

At the Providence Opera House the musical extravaganza, "Chris and the Wonderful Lamp" will be seen for three evenings and "His Excellency the Governor" for the remainder of the week. "Hotel Topsy Turvy" will be the attraction at the Empire, the Girl with the Auburn Hair will be the special feature of the week at Keith's, "The High Rollers" will be at the Westminster and The Parisian Widows at the Olympia.

The Boston theatres have many new bills this week. Maude Adams begins a two weeks' engagement at the Hollis Street in "The Little Minister;" Henry Miller will present "The Only Way" at the Museum; the popular opera, "The Geisha," will be revived at the Tremont, Louis Mann and Clara Lipman will present their new play "Master and Pupil" at the Park; Primrose & Dockstader's Minstrels begin a two weeks' engagement at the Boston, and the Castle Square Theatre Company will give the first production of "Rupert of Hentzau." "The Rounders" are on their last week at the Columbia.

A new musical comedy, "The Casino Girl," will be presented at the Casino in New York this evening and Stuart Robson will be seen in "Oliver Goldsmith" at the Fifth Avenue. Tuesday evening the stock company at Daly's will present a new English comedy "An Interrupted Honeymoon." The week's program of grand opera will be as follows: Monday, "Die Meistersinger;" Tuesday afternoon, "Die Walkure;" Wednesday, "Lucia di Lammermoor;" Thursday afternoon, "Siegfried;" Friday, "Carmen;" Saturday afternoon, "Tristan und Isolde;" Saturday evening, "Le Nozze di Figaro."

Mary Mannering is to star next season under the direction of F. C. Whitney.

Julia Marlowe intends producing "When Knighthood Was in Flower" next October, in New York.

Thomas E. Shea considers "The Voice of Nature" the best play he ever had. He proposes to produce it this fall, with elaborate scenic effects, and to present it in conjunction with "Sydney Carton" and "The Slaves of Sin."

Joseph Brooks, who is interested with Klaw & Erlanger in the production of "Ben Hur," will introduce a new star to the stage next season—Maclyn Arbuckle. Mr. Arbuckle will play in a new piece which Augustus Thomas is now writing for him. It will be called "The Member from Texas."

Miss Maude Adams closes her present season May 5, and on the following Wednesday will sail for Europe on the New York. J. M. Barrie has written a new comedy for Miss Adams, and that will undoubtedly be the piece in which she will be seen the most next winter.

Ada Rehan's return to the stage, under the direction of Klaw & Erlanger, at Ford's Opera House in Baltimore last Monday evening, was a great personal triumph for the famous actress. A large audience welcomed her in the character of Lady Teazle in "School for Scandal."

Edouard Strauss, with his orchestra of 50 musicians, from Vienna, having obtained the consent of the Emperor Franz Joseph, has signed a contract with Mr. Rudolph Aronson for 100 concerts in America, beginning October 15, in New York. Herr Strauss will compose a waltz entitled "Welcome to America," dedicated to the American people.

William A. Brady has offered to guarantee Messrs. Gilmore & Tompkins $3,500 a week to let "Way Down East" remain at the Academy of Music in New York the rest of the season. He has also made a further offer of $140,000 for the Academy for next season. If the latter is accepted (and there is every indication that it will be), Messrs. Gilmore & Tompkins will have to buy off several contracts with other managers. "Way Down East," it may be said, is destined to become a permanent attraction at the Academy of Music.

Mr. Charles Frohman is to have a new theatre in London. He has secured a site in St. Martin's lane, just back of Mr. Charles Wyndham's new theatre, and the plans for the playhouse have been drawn and are now before the County Council for its approval. The new theatre is to be the home of Charles Frohman's London Comedians, and that organization will occupy the house about half the year, and for the rest of the time it is Mr. Frohman's plan to present American companies there. Mr. John Drew will be the first American star to play there. The new house will be ready to open next January.

The dramatic rights for "To Have and to Hold," Mary Johnston's much-talked-of novel, have been sold to Mr. Charles Frohman, who will have the story dramatized at once, and will present it on the stage early next season. Mr. W. A. Brady was particularly desirous to secure the play for his wife, Grace George. He made a very large offer for the rights, and was much disappointed at his failure to secure them.

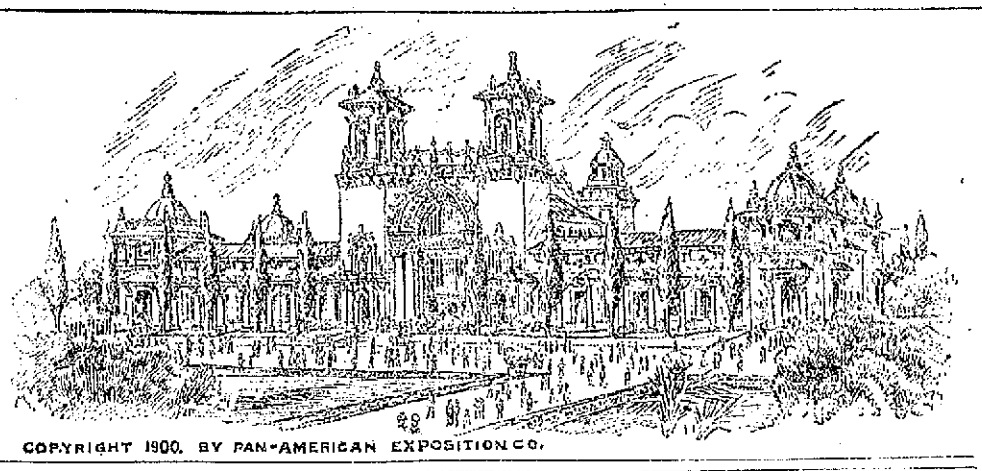
Sardou's "Robespierre" will be presented at the Providence Opera House the first two nights of next week by Sir Henry Irving and Wednesday evening Irving and Ellen Terry will be seen as Shylock and Portia. Miss Terry, who was recently obliged to leave the company on account of illness, has recovered and will resume her roles in New York this evening.

Ethel Barrymore, the leading lady in "His Excellency the Governor," is known as the youngest representative of a family which has been popular on the stage for three generations. Her grandmother, Mrs. John Drew, was able to extend her triumphs throughout all three of these generations, and is well known to the youngest of present day playgoers from her impersonation of Mrs. Malaprop with Joseph Jefferson. Her grandfather, John Drew, was a favorite comedian of all or 60 years ago. Her uncle, also John Drew, some years since a popular star, was first known as the leading man in Augustin Daly's company. Her mother, Georgie Drew Barrymore, whom she most resembles in the style of her artistic work, had a place in the high comedy field. Her father, Maurice Barrymore, is known as an actor, author and club wit. Most of Miss Barrymore's theatrical experience has been in the companies of her uncle, John Drew, and her first part of prominence is in "His Excellency the Governor." Her entire professional work is confined to the past five years.

Mlle. Calvé is to sing next winter at the Opéra Comique, in the new opera by Alfred Bruneau and Emile Zola. She may be heard as Cherubino in "Le Nozze di Figaro" during the summer there, although it depends on her health.

There is a Class of People

Who are injured by the use of coffee. Recently there has been placed in all the grocery stores a new preparation called GRAIN-O, made of pure grains, that takes the place of coffee. The most delicate stomach receives it without distress, and the few can tell it from coffee. It does not cost 1/4 as much. Children may drink it with great



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NAVAL NOTES.

Commander J. F. Merry is commissioned captain from December 29, 1899.

Lieutenant Commander B. A. Fiske is assigned to additional inspection duty at works of E. W. Bliss & Co., United States Projectile Company, Brooklyn, N. Y.; Rand Drill Company, Tarrytown, N. Y., and I. G. Johnson & Co., Spuyten Duyvil, N. Y.

Lieutenant Commander W. C. Eaton is detached from the Philadelphia and assigned to inspection duty at Barberton, Ohio.

Lieutenant G. E. Bard is detached from the New York navy yard and assigned to engineer duty on the Philadelphia, sailing from San Francisco to join ship.

Lieutenant V. Blue is detached from the Massachusetts and assigned to the Asiatic station, sailing from San Francisco.

Lieutenant R. H. Leigh is detached from the Pampanga and assigned to the Oregon.

Lieutenant L. M. Nulton is detached from the Yosemite and assigned to the Baltimore.

Lieutenant J. E. Palmer is assigned to the Princeton.

Ensign C. L. Poor is detached from the Yosemite and assigned to the Oregon.

Ensign A. J. Wadhams is detached from the New York and assigned to the Eagle.

Naval Cadet J. W. Greenslade is detached from the Concord and assigned to the Basco, and Naval Cadet J. H. Fischer is detached from the Basco and assigned to the Concord.

Naval Cadet H. E. Lackey is detached from the New York and assigned to the Eagle, and Naval Cadet C. S. Macy is detached from the Scorpion and assigned to the New York.

Chaplain F. Thompson is detached from the Baltimore and assigned to the Brooklyn.

Assistant Naval Constructor H. G. Gilmore is assigned to duty at the Paris exposition as member of a board to attend congresses.

Chief Sailmaker M. W. Watkins is detached from inspection at Phoenixville, Penn., and assigned to the Buffalo.

Acting Gunner G. G. Neumann is detached from the Richmond and assigned to the Naval Academy.

Secretary Long has cabled Admiral Watson to dispatch one of the warships of his fleet to China, for the protection of the lives and interests of American citizens. It is said that this has no political significance. The action is taken on advices received by Secretary Hay from Minister Conger, that a Chinese secret society, known as the "Boxers," is organizing for depredations against foreigners.

In order to be informed as to the steps which the merchant marine is taking to equipite vessels with wireless telegraphy Rear Admiral Bradford, chief of the office of naval intelligence, several days ago directed Lieutenant J. B. Blish, one of his assistants, to make an inspection of the system, on board the Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse. Lieutenant Blish has completed his inspection and has submitted a report to Rear Admiral Bradford, which that official will use in bringing to the attention of the department the necessity of the navy being as enterprising as merchant vessels in such an important matter.

Surgeon J. D. Atwood is detached from the Lancaster and is ordered to the bureau of medicine and surgery.

Paymaster Z. W. Reynolds will await orders in San Diego, Cal., when discharged.

Assistant Paymaster R. Spear is ordered to temporary duty on the Independence, and then to the Asiatic station, on the Solace.

Naval Cadet W. T. Cronan is detached from the Iowa and ordered to the Marblehead; Naval Cadet J. B. Gilmore, from the Marblehead and ordered to the Iowa; and Naval Cadet R. D. White, from the Marblehead and ordered to the Ranger.

Acting Machinists L. Arne, W. G. Hall and G. C. Ellerton will be detached from the Nero when she is out of commission and will go to the Vermont.

Acting Boatswain William Johnson is detached from the Caesar and ordered to temporary duty on the Franklin.

MENU FOR TUESDAY.

Faith builds a bridge from the old world to the next.—[Young.

Breakfast.

Red Radishes.
Soft Boiled Eggs. Corn Muffins.
Waffles with Maple Syrup.
Coffee.

Luncheon.

Creamed Canned Corn.
Cottage Cheese. Crackers.
Toasted Graham Bread.
Currant Jelly.
Tea with Lemon.

Dinner.

Cream of Bean Soup.
Beef Stew. Dumplings. Squash.
Melon Sweet Pickle.
Snap Bean Salad.
Saltines. Gorgonzola Cheese.
Cafe Noir.

Dumplings. When an accompaniment to beef stew, they should be of the simplest and lightest texture. To insure success do not mix the batter until it is wanted. To one cupful of lukewarm milk and water (three-quarters of which should be milk) add three cupfuls of sifted flour, two and a half teaspoonfuls of baking powder and half a teaspoonful of salt. Flour, baking powder and salt should be sifted together. Mix quickly and lightly. Have a cupful of cold water at hand, and with a dessertspoon moistened with the water drop the mixture into the boiling beef stew. Probably a dozen or more dumplings will fit in the pot at once. Cover closely immediately and steam six minutes. The dumplings should be light, dry and firm when properly cooked. Serve at once.

SOFAS, LOUNGES, COUCHES, CHAIRS,

Hair Stuffed. Best material. Good Styles.

ELECTRICITY BUILDING.

Structure Designed for a Wonderful Exhibit at Buffalo Next Year.

Elaborate designs have recently been completed for the Electricity building for the Pan-American exposition, to be held at Buffalo, N. Y., May 1, to October 31, 1901. Displays of all kinds in the practical and artistic uses of electricity, together with complete exhibits of electrical machinery and appliances are to be conspicuous features of the great exposition.

The designs contemplate a very handsome and commodious building. The structure is to be 500 feet from east to west and 150 feet wide, giving an exhibition space of 75,000 square feet.

The south facade fronts the Mall and the north fronts the Midway. The east end is toward the massive Electric tower, while the west end faces the Grand canal. The building is long, low and inviting, and the design of the facades shows artistic grouping. The openings of the pergola-like loggias, placed at frequent intervals, present a delightful effect, showing more and more of the reveals of the pilasters and openings as the eye travels to the end of the building farthest away from the observer.

There is a pleasing ending at each corner of the building, with a low-domed pavilion tower, and the building is interrupted at the centre by the double-towered entrance. This entrance, wide and high, is spanned by an ornamental arch and supported each side by columns. The towers also have minor entrances through them.

The connecting work between the towers, the towers themselves, the pavilions at the corners of the buildings, and similar places, are to be brilliantly illuminated and made gay with banners and flags.

The modeled relief work of the building is of choicest design. The general ornamentation of the building is to be frescoes in an interesting mixture of reds, greens and yellows. The general color scheme follows that of the Machinery and Transportation building and other groups of buildings of the exposition. The building was designed by Green & Wicks of Buffalo.

HERMETICALLY SEALED.

"I have a son at Cape Nome," said an elderly man who was talking about the gold discoveries in the new Alaskan fields, "from whom we have had no news since last November, when the last ship came down from there, and we will not hear from him until the first ship goes up and comes back again, say some time early in July, or possibly the very last of June. That is seven months, and a great deal may happen in that time. Have you ever thought of what Cape Nome life in winter is like? You have read of miners being shut up in coal mines for a week or a month with no chance to get at them to know whether they are alive or dead? There may have been as many as six or eight or a dozen shut up this way and the whole country was interested in their fate and waited to hear what the outcome would be. At Cape Nome there are 2,500 people shut up, hermetically sealed to the world, for several long months. Half of them may die or starve or freeze to death, their friends and relatives may die at home, and never a word for months be known of it. There may be dozens and dozens of widows right this minute in various parts of the country, but they know only that they have husbands at Cape Nome. My boy may have been dead for two months, and his two little children may be fatherless, but we live in the hope that he is not. He hopes for us in Nome as we hope here, but we know nothing.

"Twenty-five hundred people are there frozen in by thousands of miles of ice and snow, as absolutely cut off as if they were in a coal mine. They know nothing of what is going on in the world; of wars and treaties and elections and victories and defeats and politics and Congress and Parliament and all that makes the world. They are no part of it, and when once more they take up the thread they will be as those risen from the dead. One expedition has gone into them; but it left this country only a little while after the last ship came down, and it did not expect to bring any word out until June. One expedition has come out, but it came only to a faraway point in Alaska, scarcely less remote than Nome. It is something to make one shudder when he thinks of it, and never in history has there been an instance of so many people thus cut off from home and friends and country, waiting to send or to receive the news that will bring sorrow or gladness to many hearts."—[Washington Star.

THE COMING STAGE COACH.

A problem that may mean much to rural districts is receiving attention near Paris. A pair of trolley wires has been stretched along the highway for half a mile, and a double trolley driven by a little motor along these wires carries a cable—25 or 30 feet long—conducting current to the motor of an automobile. The length of the cable permits the carriage to run on either side of the road, turning out as may be necessary. It is predicted that trolley-fed carriages will become valuable extensions of railway systems, and that the wires will also provide farmers with a source of needed power for agricultural work.

CANDY CATHARTIC
Cascarets
NATURE'S REMEDY

LEONARD'S
Newport Steam Laundry
And Carpet Beating Works.
J. D. RICHARDSON, Agent, 306 Thames street.

THESE ARE THEY.

"These are they that have come out of great tribulation."

"They are coming this way!" he said—
the angel who kept the gate,
"They enter the city here. Would you
see their cohorts? Wait.
Within is a great feast spread, and the
air with music stirs,
For the King Himself shall sit this day
with the banqueters."

The heroes of earth! For these, in their
march up the aisles of palm,
I would wait; from within came forth
the surge of a swelling psalm.
At thought of the nearing hosts I shrank
in awesome dread,
Chief captains and mighty men, who
should pass with their martial tread.

Then, slowly, out of the mists up the
way whence I looked to see
With glory along their crests, and the
light on their panoply,
The warriors splendor-shod, with whose
names Time's annals ring,
Came a band of pilgrims, worn as from
years of journeying.

Slowly, with halting steps, they come;
their unsandaled feet
Are bruised by the jagged stones, are
scorched by the desert's heat.
Their faces are white and lined with
vigil and patient pain;
Their forms are beaten and marred by
the storm and the hurricane.

But the stronger uphold the weak—and
their leader upholds a cross.
Impatient, I look away down the slopes
where the palm plumes toss;
Impatient, I turn to him the angel who
keeps the gate—
"But the heroes? Where are they—for
whom you bade me wait?"

For answer, the gate swings wide, and
dawn streams out on the night.
And that way-worn band pass through,
their raiment white as the light.
For answer, I hear a voice from the
heart of the halos say—
While the veiled angel bows: "Earth's
heroes? These are they!"

—[Emma Herrick Weed.

FANCIES.

Pray do not laugh at everything
You hear the baby say;
He'll think he is a humorist
At some sad future day.
—[Brooklyn Life.

"Are you putting anything by for a rainy day?"

"Yes; every bright day I postpone lots of work."—[Chicago Record.

"You should have kept away from me," said the old account at the top of the page, to the new arrival; "don't you know I'm outlawed?"

"Glad to hear it, old fel," chuckled the young account; "you see, I'm pretty bad myself."—[Brooklyn Life.

Baron—Men are always looking for exalted lineage.

Exhort—Unless they are traveling on the railroad; then they are after a lower berth.—[Yonkers Statesman.

Beggs—You are looking happy this evening. Have you finally succeeded in getting your wages raised?

Gibbs—No, not exactly; but the fellow who works with me has had his pay reduced.

Mr. Dopps—Mrs. Dopps, your new frock is trailing on the ground.

Mrs. Dopps—I don't care if it is. I'm not going to hold it up until I get a silk petticoat.—[Indianapolis Journal.

Stubb—If New York keeps it up I can see the finish of the stage right now.

Penn (from behind an ostrich farm)—Well, that's more than I can do. I can't even see the stage itself.—[Chicago News.

"Mary," said the lady of the house, "you didn't put any salt in this bread."

"But," replied the new girl, "didn't the master say yesterday he wouldn't have nothing but fresh bread on his table, mum?"—[Philadelphia North American.

Husband—Jo—my dear, there is going to be a very important—er—election at my club tonight, and I may——

Wife—Very well, I'll wait up to hear the returns.

"I'm—er—are you interested in the returns?"

"Yes—your returns."—[New York Weekly.

"We can whip any nation on earth!" cried the patriot. "Let us pitch in and do it."

"We?" repeated the former volunteer inquiringly. "Would you help?"

"Help!" exclaimed the patriot. "Well, I should say so. Didn't I write letters of advice to the War Department all during the trouble in Cuba?"—[Chicago Evening Post.

PERSONALS.

....General Sir William Stephen Alexander Lockhart, commander-in-chief of the British forces in India, died yesterday in Calcutta, in his sixtieth year.

....The Admiral of the Navy and Mrs. Dewey left Washington Sunday for a visit of two weeks in the South, which will include several days at Savannah, Macon, Jacksonville, St. Augustine and Palm Beach.

....By the will of Mrs. Orilla J. Flint of Cambridge, Mass., the sum of $2,500 is left to Williams College, to be known as the Ephraim Flint scholarship fund, for worthy students. The sum of $500 is also left to the Congregational church in Lincoln, Mass.

....Maud Jeffries, who has been the leading actress in Wilson Barrett's company since the retirement of Miss Eastlake, has finished her engagement with him and may return to America. She is a native of Kentucky. Her place will be taken by Lillah McCarthy.

....Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Pinchot of New York city and their sons, Gifford Pinchot, Yale 1889, and Amos R. E. Pinchot, Yale 1898, have given $150,000 to Yale to establish a school of forestry. Mr. and Mrs. Pinchot have also given Yale the use of a large tract of land in Pike county, Penn., for practical demonstration in forestry during the summer vacation months of Yale. In other words, this land will be used for a summer school of the Yale school of forestry. The use of the land is given for 21 years.

....The death took place in London last week of Lady John Scott Spottiswoode, composer of "Annie Laurie" and other familiar melodies. She was 91 years of age. An aunt of the Duke of Buccleugh, she was also closely related to the late General Wauchope. She had a very strong character and was a great upholder of old manners and customs. When traveling she rode in a carriage, always had postillions and encouraged the observance of old customs. She was a liberal benefactor of the poor, and maintained a meal mill as a relic of old times. She was an indefatigable collector of antiquities.

NERVOUS EXHAUSTION

Cured by Dr. Hallock's Wonderful Electric Pills, the Greatest Blood and Nerve Builder of the Age---50 years of Cures.

Many people have Sleeplessness, Depression of Spirits, Headache, Pains in the Back, etc., and treat themselves for Dyspepsia or Rheumatism or Headache, when the real trouble is in the nerves. What you, Dear Sufferer, need is a strictly nerve and blood medicine, and that remedy is Dr. Hallock's Wonderful Electric Pills for weak, worn-out, nervous people. Thoroughly tested for past 50 years and never known to fail to cure all nervous affections in young or old. Dr. Hallock's Wonderful Electric Pills will nourish the nerves, build up the broken-down constitution and impart new energy to flagging spirits, stimulate the ambitious and give you nerves of steel. The Old Dr. Hallock's Wonderful Electric Pills will stop that nervous headache. Pains in the back and shifting aches pass away under their magical influence. LADIES who suffer from depression of spirits, awful forebodings, palpitation of the heart, should take Dr. Hallock's Wonderful Electric Pills. You will be delighted at the marked change the Pills will produce. The "Blues" and the "Dark Future" will give place to a happy disposition and a realization of a bright future.

These Pills have been used by Dr. Hallock in his private practice for many years for all nervous troubles. They are perfectly safe to take; they do not contain narcotics.

Sold at $1.00, $1 per box; 6 boxes, sufficient to cure most obstinate cases, $5.

EMIL S. BLUMENKRANZ, 176 Thames street, or sent direct from laboratory, prepaid, on receipt of price. Advice on all diseases from specialists free. Address HALLOCK DRUG CO., 130 Court street, Boston, Mass. Established 1848.

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PIANOS.

If you are interested in pianos call in and look over our stock. We have several pianos just from the manufactory, of different grades.

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216 THAMES STREET.

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ESTABLISHED 1840.
RENOWNED FOR TONE & DURABILITY

THE WONDERFUL POPULARITY ENJOYED BY THE

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FOR THE PAST FIFTY-NINE YEARS IS WITHOUT A PARALLEL IN THE HISTORY OF THE PIANO WORLD. DURING THIS PERIOD OVER

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Awful Itching of Eczema
Dreadful Scaling of Psoriasis
CURED BY CUTICURA

CUTICURA SOAP, to cleanse the skin of crusts and scales, CUTICURA Ointment, to allay itching, and soothe and heal, and CUTICURA RESOLVENT, to cool and cleanse the blood, make the most complete and speedy cure treatment for torturing, disfiguring humors, rashes, and irritations, with loss of hair, which have defied the skill of the best physicians and all other remedies, a single set being often sufficient to cure the most obstinate case.

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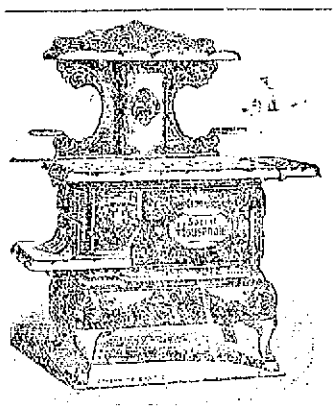

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---FOR---
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Patent Leather Dress Shoes, $1.65
Wax Calf Goodyear Welt, sewed, $1.50
Box Calf, Good wear Shoes, $1.25
Satin Calf, School Shoes, $1

All made on the same general styles of lasts as MEN'S SHOES.

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189 THAMES STREET.

Bargains.

Men's and women's heavy boots, lace and button at greatly reduced prices.

REGULAR STOCK OF
The T. Mumford Seabury Co.,
214 THAMES STREET

The Old Reliable Shoe Store,
186 THAMES STREET,

is still here, doing business on the good old principle of 100c. worth for a dollar in Medium footwear for Men, Women and Children, and doing the most up-to-date Repairing and Repairing in the city.

M. S. HOLM.

Agency for White Star, American and Dominion Lines, Atlantic Steamship Co's Tickets and Drafts for sale.

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News, $6.00 a year, Journal, $2.00.

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Advertisements, without special position, $1 a square for the first insertion and 25 cents for each continuance. Ten lines, or less, nonpariel type (or five-sixths of an inch) make a square. Advertisements of five lines or less are taken at about one-half these rates. A discount is allowed on all advertisements ordered in the daily for more than one week.

Yearly or Term Advertisers are limited to their immediate business, are guaranteed but five insertions in a week, and are allowed twenty-five changes a year. Electrotypes will be used without extra charge if solid metal; "wood backs" cannot be used with safety to the press.

Advertisers using both the daily and weekly papers gain the advantage of distinct classes of readers, no person reading both the daily and weekly. The Journal goes among people who read no other local paper.

PRINTING.

The News has six steam presses and has a large and well-appointed job office.

Newport Daily News

MONDAY, MARCH 19, 1900.

SUBSCRIBERS WHO FAIL TO RECEIVE THEIR PAPERS REGULARLY AND IN GOOD CONDITION SHOULD IMMEDIATELY MAKE COMPLAINT TO THE OFFICE OF PUBLICATION. CARRIERS ARE FORBIDDEN TO ROLL OR TWIST PAPERS AND THROW THEM UPON PREMISES, BUT ARE INSTRUCTED TO DEPOSIT THEM IN FAIR CONDITION ACCORDING TO THE WISHES OF SUBSCRIBERS. CARRIERS ARE ALSO FORBIDDEN TO HAVE OTHER BOYS WITH THEM ON THE ROUTES, WITHOUT PERMISSION FROM THE OFFICE, AND ARE NOT ALLOWED TO SELL PAPERS.

ANTI-TRUST LEGISLATION.

The Republicans of Congress evidently intend to enact some anti-trust legislation, if possible, before the Presidential conventions are held. They realize that the Democrats would like to make the trust question one of the principal issues in the campaign, and they purpose to have the record of the present Congress to point to as an answer to Democratic charges of Republican friendliness to combinations of capital.

A sub-committee of the House judiciary committee, comprising some of the leading members, has been appointed and will recommend the legislation to be acted upon. Among the first matters to be reported will be an amendment to the constitution of the United States along the lines of that proposed by Representative Ray, chairman of the committee, giving Congress plenary power over corporations, such an amendment being favored by the Republican members of the sub-committee individually.

Whether the sub-committee will go further and recommend legislation by Congress in advance of the adoption of the constitutional amendment is undetermined. Some of the members are of the opinion that it may be possible to devise a new law that will supplement existing laws in some way, though they admit that it will be difficult, in view of decisions of the Supreme Court of the United States, to devise any statute that will interfere with combinations except when they are formed for the express purpose of regulating or restricting commerce between the states.

Unless it is found that Congress has some power further than that exercised in the Sherman law there can be no effective anti-trust legislation during the present Congress. If a resolution proposing a constitutional amendment is passed during the present session it will have to be submitted to the legislatures of the several states, and could not be acted upon before late next winter.

PREVENTION BETTER THAN CURE.

Three years ago a woman was fatally burned in London while at a hairdresser's having her hair shampooed. An electric spark, the result of friction and the rapid drying of the cleansing fluid, was the cause. The sale of the dangerous mixture was forbidden and a heavy fine laid on any one found with it in his possession. This was hard on hairdressers who had bottles of the fluid on their shelves without realizing it, and who had to pay the fines when the inspectors later came on these. But the sharp action saved the public the danger that might have arisen from carelessness afterward.

In Brooklyn Tuesday a woman was probably fatally injured and a house was half wrecked by an explosion resulting from the attempt to clean a silk dress with a liquid sold for such work. The bottle containing the stuff was destroyed, but as it was recommended by a friend it will be an easy matter to find out what it was and to insure its prohibition, if the authorities are active in this direction. The only thing known about it now is that the directions for its use are to put an ounce of the fluid in a quart of water, and to rub the soiled spots in this. It may be for sale in any of our shops, and the wise will abstain from all cleansing mixtures for a time and adhere to clear benzine and gasoline, whose dangers are understood and can be guarded against.

The same measure of regard for public safety that obtains in other countries would settle the question of the composition of this dangerous fluid and stop its sale at once and forever. In the case of a lamp explosion instant investigation of the quality of the kerosene is of the highest importance, and the cause of such explosions should be traced so far as possible and guarded against by every means.

GOVERNMENT INTEREST IN MANUFACTURES.

The government interest in manufactures has brought Germany from comparative isolation into the front rank of [illegible] the world. Her foreign last 25 years. England is being surpassed on what was considered her firmest ground, and Germany's wealth has been increased in a wonderful degree. Austria has taken the lesson to heart, and will now try to improve her industries. Certain small manufacturers and artisans are to be helped by the government to visit the Paris exposition, where they can study the latest improvements in their line of work, and gain in intelligence and power of production.

Our artisans were enlightened by the Centennial exhibition, which made a transformation in many of the industries of the country. A further advance was the result of the Chicago fair, and lessons of the Exposition this summer will be brought back by a host of intelligent workers who are preparing to go abroad for the purpose. It would be an excellent thing, tending to the industrial advance of this nation, if something after the system of the government industrial schools of Germany could be established here, with skilled instructors, and every touch of progress in the different arts noted and taught.

IN CUBA.

Secretary Root comes back with most assuring reports of the conditions in Cuba, and considers that the island is in a fair way toward being ready for self-government. The necessity now is a little longer training to make it evident that the peasants have the same rights as the loud-talking men with the machete, in deciding questions of government.

The signs of increasing prosperity in the out-of-the-way provinces as well as in Havana are very striking. The men in Pinar del Rio and Matanzas are at work and clean houses are in evidence. The way in which the Cuban takes to his improved manner of living is encouraging to his American governors. Towns that have been left to Cuban control are as neat and show as clean streets as when the era of cleanliness was inaugurated. The improved condition of Havana is remarkable, though the sewering and paving the city has only been begun.

The Secretary expresses himself as pleased with the Cuban character, and thinks wonders have been accomplished by this people who have been so long at strife and living in a devastated country. As a result of his journey he now feels in personal touch with the requirements of the island, and his contact with many representative men must have given him an acquaintance with the situation that he could never otherwise have obtained.

Of the municipal elections, which are to be held May 1, Secretary Root says: "The object is to give municipalities home rule in the very broadest sense, making each self-supporting, and making the elected officials answerable to their own people only for the proper expenditure of funds. It is desirable, so far as possible, to decentralize all municipalities from Havana control. The American officials would then have only advisory and supervisory duties. The military department of Havana would be abolished, and this would enable the elected municipal government to take the necessary steps to refund the debt, to obtain a new loan and to carry out the works of sewerage and paving."

THE PORTO RICO PROBLEM.

Remorse is increasing in the House over the action in regard to Porto Rico to the extent that it is felt sure that there will be a deliberate backdown from the previous position on the tariff if the Senate gives the opportunity. The claim made that sentiment would change as soon as time had allowed an explanation and better understanding of the Porto Rico bill has proved true in an unexpected way. It is the sentiment of its framers that has veered, under the overwhelming pressure of the opinion of the public, which has remained true to its first decision against the justness of the bill.

The tendency to delay is the evil now. An honest revenue system, a market and a sound and settled financial basis for Porto Rican industries are what that unnecessarily-made-unhappy island wants to put her in a position where she will not be dependent on charity. Compared with this, the question of her government is infinitesimal in importance, and could wait a decade. The loyalty of the people, faith in this country, and respect for American honesty are all in danger with every day's delay.

It was reported from the West Saturday that the French residents of Indiana had received from the department of war at Paris notices that they may be called upon on short notice by the French government for military service, and the general impression among these men was that war is imminent between France and England. The French consul general at New York, however, said the notices are undoubtedly papers informing the recipients of their new classification in the French army and the place at which each was to report in case of mobilization. There are five periods of French army service, and as soon as a man's time in one classification expires he is informed of his assignment to the next rank and the place of mobilization for his regiment or corps is named. To preserve his standing in the army a Frenchman must keep the war department informed as to his whereabouts. The French army of mobilization numbers about 3,500,000 and many natives of France, it is said, who have become naturalized Americans are enrolled.

The Chinese minister is very critical of our institutions generally. Our way of drinking tea is his last trouble. He says we do not know how to make tea here. "You put lemon in it. You put sugar and cream in it and spoil the taste. You don't take it neat and clean. And then you complain that the tea isn't the right quality. If you took your tea as we do in China you'd get higher quality in it." It has been insinuated before that the American drinks his tea more for effect than for flavor, and perhaps this is the reason that the tea taste is neglected with us.

Fifty-five deaths out of 61 cases of the bubonic plague in Honolulu up to March 1 is a high death average, considering the advancement in the medical science be contended with if this pest gets a foothold on our Atlantic or Pacific coast. The Chinese quarters in the islands are the breeding places, but it cannot be confined to them. The cesspools under eating, cooking and sleeping rooms, and where meats and other eatables are stored for general sale, are responsible for the extent of the trouble in Hawaii. The sum of $345,000 has been appropriated for extending the sewerage system in Honolulu, and there is an intention of keeping the town in its present state of cleanliness and preventing the lapsing of the Asiatics into their native condition of filth.

In the first copy of the newspaper started in Bloemfontein, March 17, for the benefit of the troops, Rudyard Kipling appears with a poem that is short, but stirring for the warriors of the Emerald isle.

Oh, Terence dear, and did you hear
The news that's going round?
The Shamrock's Erin's badge by law,
Where'er her sons are found,
From Bloemfontein to Ballybank,
'Tis ordered by the queen.
We've won our right in open fight—
The wearing of the green.

Maud S., the famous trotter, is dead. She was for a long time queen of the turf and always held a high place in the affections of the lovers of good horses. She will be buried beside the body of Dexter, another of the late Robert Bonner's favorite horses, and another turf hero whose name and fame have not been forgotten in spite of the fact that his record had long since been eclipsed.

Maine's lumber cut this winter will probably reach 550,000,000 feet, a much larger output than the average of the last 20 years. The first cargo of the new cut, 750,000 laths, left the Penobscot river the past week, and in a few weeks the port of Bangor will be opened. From present appearances this will begin the busiest shipping season in a score of years.

Governor General Davis has issued orders in Porto Rico tending to the preservation of the timber on the public domains. If the forests on the island could be intelligently treated, it would mean an era of prosperity in Porto Rico.

One Congressman has put himself on record as in favor of reducing wages of school teachers in the District to $60 a month and increasing the wages of knickerbockered pages to $75 a month.

From private letters received from Paris it is gathered that it is as important to be freshly vaccinated before visiting that city this summer as it is to have money in your pocket on arrival.

BISHOP POTTER ON THE PHILIPPINES.

In the situation in the Philippines, the Rt. Rev. Henry C. Potter, who has just returned from an important ecclesiastical mission to the new possessions in the East, finds much encouragement.

It will be remembered that the bishop left San Francisco October 24, and stopped at the Hawaiian islands, Japan and China before reaching his principal destination, the Philippines. As a member of the general convention's committee on increased responsibilities the bishop made a study of the conditions in the islands.

"Conditions in the Philippines," he said, "are very satisfactory. I was very much encouraged by what I saw. Concerning that, however, I would not care to fell off hand, as the subject is one which requires deliberation."

"What do you think of the way in which affairs are being administered in the islands?" was asked.

"General Otis," replied the bishop, emphatically, "is the right man in the right place."

"What is your impression of the United States troops there?"

"Our soldiers," said he, "are a very fine body of men. They are in splendid physical condition and are exceedingly intelligent."

"Do you think the islands have been conquered?" it was inquired.

"The war is over," responded the bishop. "At least it seemed to me that it was, when I left there last December."

"Has anything been done with regard to the establishment of the Episcopal church in the Philippines?"

"There is something of that kind pending," replied the bishop.

From Rev. Perry S. Grant, who accompanied the bishop as chaplain and secretary, it was learned that the bishop while in Manila had talked with General Otis and different military officers and had everywhere been received with great cordiality. During his stay in the Philippines the bishop made his headquarters in Manila. He and his secretary, through the courtesy of General Otis, were escorted to some of the army outposts.

Rev. Mr. Grant said that the forces of the Filipinos had been scattered and that the United States was in control. He paid a tribute to the splendid appearance of the American troops. "There have been soldiers in as good physical trim, perhaps," said he, "but I was especially impressed by the fine intelligence and the alertness shown in the faces of the men."

Bishop Potter's visit to Honolulu was for the purpose of arranging for the reorganization of the Episcopal diocese there. With the cession of Hawaii to the United States the Episcopal church there comes under the jurisdiction of the American branch of the church. The diocese has been really an independent one, although nominally under the jurisdiction of the Archbishop of Canterbury.

It was thought that the various English missions would not care to continue their work under the jurisdiction of an American church. It was deemed advisable that Bishop Willis, who has been in charge of the diocese, should resign. One of the objects of the visit of Bishop Potter there was to induce Bishop Willis to relinquish the diocese. Nothing definite has been accomplished in that direction.

Bishop Potter remained only one day in Honolulu, and then went to Yokohama. He remained two weeks in Japan, visiting Tokio and other cities. He went to China, visiting Shanghai, Canton and Hong Kong. From this last port he went to Manila, where he remained a week. From there he went to Singapore, and from there to Calcutta.

The bishop made a tour of India, visiting Benares, Lucknow and other large cities. He found that about 3,000,000 of the inhabitants were receiving relief rations from the British government. During his month's stay in India he made some interesting investigations of mission work. The government has established barracks for the suffering natives on the outskirts of the large cities. He spent a few days at Ceylon, and February 3 he sailed from that port for Naples. He visited Rome, Paris and other Continental cities and went to London.

AT LAST! A NAVAL POLICY BOARD.

The organization of a board to determine a naval policy based upon the peace and war necessities of the country is an encouraging augury of higher efficiency in departmental methods. Its composition has not been settled finally, but the particular offices to be represented are the ones logically concerned with the duty, and the additional members are reasonably sure to be representative of the best thought and experience of the service.

The creation of such a board has often been advocated by the Herald. The present bureau system is a cumbrous and an antiquated result of concessions to warring interests and of compromises with conditions that have no reasons for existence. Under it responsibilities overlap, and perpetual friction and irritating delays work harm. It lacks a centralizing control, partly because of clashing laws and regulations. All this, let us hope, will be remedied when the new board takes up the work heretofore assigned to eight bureaus and to several makeshift committees.

The duties imposed upon the officers detailed are the most important that have arisen since the close of the war. They deal with the strategy of campaigns, the distribution of fleets and the care of national defense. How far they fall short of those intrusted abroad to a general staff and how much they relate to the formulation of a program of progressive construction has not yet been revealed. But if they bring us a step nearer to the possession of these two vital elements of naval efficiency a tremendous advance will be made.—[New York Herald.

Spring
Annually Says Take
Hood's Sarsaparilla

In the spring those Pimples, Boils, Eruptions and General Bad Feelings indicate that there are cobwebs in the system. It needs a thorough brushing, and the best brush is Hood's Sarsaparilla, which sweeps all humors before it. This great medicine eradicates Scrofula, subdues Salt Rheum, neutralizes the acidity which causes rheumatism—in short, purifies the blood and thoroughly renovates the whole physical system.

"We have used Hood's Sarsaparilla and it has given the best of satisfaction, especially as a spring medicine. It builds up the general system and gives new life." DWIGHT C. PARK, Whiteland, Indiana.

Newport and Boston Restaurant,
Open 5 A. M. to 11 p. m. Breakfast, 25c.; dinner, 25c.; supper, 25c. Hot meats every night. Boarders, $4 per week. GEO. SEAFORTH, Props., 99 Thames street.

For Rent Unfurnished
Or For Sale.
The premises 40 Everett street; a substantial, well built house. Will sell at a moderate price or will lease. Apply to
R. G. DERBY,

NOTICE.

CANVASS.

The Board of Aldermen of the City of Newport, will be in session as a Board of Canvassers at their Chamber in the City Hall, on

THURSDAY, MARCH 29, 1900,
AT 10 O'CLOCK A. M.,

For the purpose of canvassing, correcting and completing the Ward lists of Voters in Newport, for the Ward Meetings to be holden on Wednesday, the fourth day of April, 1900.

Witness my hand,
WILLIAM G. STEVENS, City Clerk.

Annual Meeting.

THE ANNUAL MEETING of the Proprietors of Island Cemetery Company will be held at the State House, Monday evening, March 19, 1900, at 7:30 o'clock.
HENRY C. STEVENS, Secretary.

Department —OF— Streets and Highways.

Proposals for Carting Crushed Stone.

NEWPORT, R. I., March 15, 1900.

SEPARATE SEALED PROPOSALS will be received from Newport teamsters, by the Committee on Streets and Highways at the office of the Street Commissioner, Long wharf, and at no other place, until 5 o'clock P. M., Friday, March 30, 1900, for loading and carting crushed stone from the City crusher at Rocky Farm to each of the following districts, viz:

FIRST DISTRICT—All that part of the city lying north of the south sides of Church and Catharine streets.

SECOND DISTRICT—All that part of the city lying between first district and the south sides of Narragansett and Wellington avenues.

THIRD DISTRICT—The remaining portion of the city lying south of second district.

Proposals to state separate prices per ton of 2,000 lbs., for loading, carting and delivering said stone at such times and in such quantities and places as the Street Commissioner may require from time to time from March 21st to December 31st, 1900, said prices to be considered as applying to new work or where extensive repairs are being made. The prices for the three districts will be considered as a whole. Each bid to give the names of two proposed sureties, and to contain a certified check for fifty dollars payable to City Treasurer, to be considered as liquidated damages on failure to execute contract as awarded.

The right to reject any or all proposals is reserved.

By direction of the Committee on Streets and Highways.
WM. HAMILTON, Street Commissioner.

Probate Court of the Town of Little Compton, March 12, 1900.

Mary E. Gifford, Guardian of the estate of
SARAH A. GIFFORD
minor, presents her petition in writing, representing that said minor is seized and possessed of certain Real Estate, situate in said Little Compton, being three parcels of land, described in said petition and praying for reasons therein stated, that she may be authorized and empowered to sell said minor's interest in said Real Estate for the purpose of paying the debts of said minor; for the support of said minor, and for the purpose of making a better and more advantageous investment of the proceeds of such sale; and said petition is received and referred to the 31st day of March 1900 at 2 o'clock P. M., at the Probate Court Room in said Little Compton for consideration, and it is ordered that notice thereof be published for fourteen days, once a week, in the Newport Daily News.
F. R. BROWNELL, Probate Clerk.

GOLF CLUBS.

FOR SALE—A lot of new and second-hand golf clubs, will be sold cheap. Apply at 2 [illegible] street.

THE WEATHER.

WASHINGTON, March 19, 8 A. M.—For Massachusetts and Rhode Island—Rain tonight and Tuesday; increasing easterly to southerly winds.

BOSTON AND VICINITY.

BOSTON, March 19, 8 A. M.—For Boston and vicinity—Threatening, probably with rain tonight; generally fair Tuesday; continued warm south to southwest winds.

WEATHER CONDITIONS.

There is considerable cloudy weather over the country today, and showers have occurred during the past 24 hours in New England, the lower lake region, the northwestern and the Gulf states. Except at a few points in the South, the rainfall has been light. The barometers are moderately high along the Atlantic coast, in the northern Rocky Mountain and northern Pacific coast states, with highest readings of 30.2 inches north of Montana and over Nova Scotia. Elsewhere the pressure is low, with lowest of 29.3 inches over Lake Superior. The disturbance is of moderate energy and moving slowly eastward, making conditions favorable for generally warmer, spring weather. The temperature is generally higher and seasonable.

J. W. SMITH,
Local Forecast Official.

LOCAL CONDITIONS.

March 19.	8 h	12 h	11 h
Temperature,	45	50	50
Barometer,	29.89	29.89	29.89
Wind,	SE	S	S
Weather,	Cloudy	Cloudy	Cloudy

MINIATURE CALENDAR.

MONDAY, MARCH 19.

Sun rises	5 h 50 m
Sun sets	17 h 55 m
Moon rises	21 h 33 m
Length of day	12 h 05 m
Day's increase	3 h 01 m
High water	9 h 20 m; 21 h 39 m

TUESDAY, MARCH 20.

Sun rises	5 h 48 m
Sun sets	17 h 56 m
Moon rises	22 h 31 m
Length of day	12 h 08 m
Day's increase	3 h 04 m
High water	9 h 50 m; 22 h 20 m

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 21.

Sun rises	5 h 46 m
Sun sets	17 h 57 m
Moon rises	23 h 38 m
Length of day	12 h 11 m
Day's increase	3 h 07 m
High water	10 h 42 m; 23 h 05 m

THURSDAY, MARCH 22.

Sun rises	5 h 41 m
Sun sets	17 h 58 m
Moon rises	— h — m
Length of day	12 h 17 m
Day's increase	3 h 10 m
High water	11 h 32 m; 23 h 58 m

Moon's Phases.

Last Quarter, March 21, 9 h 35 m, E.
New Moon, March 30, 15 h 30 m, W.
First Quarter, April 6, 16 h 55 m, E.
Full Moon, April 14, 20 h 22 m, E.

NEW TODAY.

Cuticura; 4th page.
Notice—Canvass; 4th page.
For Rent—Stable; 7th page.
For Sale—Golf Clubs; 4th page.
Wanted—Swede Woman; 7th page.
James T. Wright—Vinol; 2d page.
Boston Grocery—Castoria; 7th page.
Wanted—Girl for Housework; 7th page.
DeBlois & Eldridge—For Rent; 8th page.
Newport and Boston Restaurant; 4th page.
Armstrong Hurley—Painting, etc.; 6th page.
Walsh Bros.—Wash Boilers, etc.; 5th page.
N. O. P. C. Co.—Boys' Clothing; 1st page.
Model Clothing Co.—Grand Display; 1st page.
Little Comp. Pro. Court—S. A. Gifford Est.; 4th
State of R. I., etc.—Amendment to Constitution; 2.

Changes of advertisements should be sent in the night before or early on the day of issue to insure insertion.

FOR SALE.

On Honyman Hill, a property containing a large Swiss villa, stable, greenhouses, bowling alleys and 22 acres of land.

Also another property containing a Queen Anne cottage, with stable, etc., and about 12 acres of land. Both are on the hill at an elevation of 120 feet and command a fine view of the ocean at the south and Narragansett Bay on the north as well as the pretty valley running north and south just west of these properties. They can now be had at tempting prices and are also for rent.

HERBERT L. DYER,
TRAVERS BLOCK, Corner Bellevue Avenue and Bath Road.

Steam and Hot Water Heating,
Electric Bells, Burglar Alarms
Gas and Electric Lighting.
Philip F. Conroy,
TELEPHONE 272. 181 THAMES ST.

The Liverpool and London and Globe Insurance Co.
HENRY BULL, JR.,
Fire Insurance,
197 Thames Street.

For Sale.

Lot 45x90, on Elliott court, off Broadway, $900.
Lot 50x120, on Vernon avenue, $1,600.
Two-tenement property, Spruce court, (rented), $2,500.
Two-tenement property, 7 Extension street, (rented), $2,800.
HENRY BULL, JR.,
REAL ESTATE,
197 Thames Street.

The Daily News Job Office
Has every facility for doing any kind of
Commercial or Pamphlet Printing,
At short notice and at a reasonable price. Estimates given.

SECOND-HAND
2-Horse Lumber Wagon
FOR SALE.
J. B. Bachelier, Langley's Wharf.

Jamestown Real Estate Agency.
Furnished Cottages for the season of 1900.
A. W. LUTHER,
REAL ESTATE AGENT,
Ferry Wharf, Jamestown, R. I.

EDWIN T. BANNING
Architect,
209 Thames Street.
ROOM 26.

A. O'D. TAYLOR.
Selling Prices of the Only Two Lots
Now on the market on the old Tooker lot, corner of Touro and Kay streets:
68x130 on Touro street, $8,500.
100x65 on Kay street, $9,000.
No finer position in Newport for professional men, or other gentlemen desiring permanent residence.
Telephone No. 320.
Office, 124 Bellevue Avenue.

BORN.

CARPENTER—In Middletown, 16th inst., a son to Mr. and Mrs. Andrew J. Carpenter.

DIED.

HYNES—In this city, 19th inst., at the residence of his mother, 516 Thames street, John T., son of Mary and the late John J. Hynes, aged 29 years and 9 months.

STEERE—In Philadelphia, 17th inst., Eliza Bliven, wife of Frank H. Steere and daughter of the late James H. and the late Margaret Wilson of this city.

Funeral services at the residence of Mrs. James H. Wilson, 13 Mann avenue, Wednesday, March 21, at 2 o'clock P. M.

PERKINS—In Providence, 18th inst., Hannah G., wife of Isaac H. Perkins, in her 62d year.

DAVISON—In Providence, 17th inst., Merrick N. Davison, in his 85th year.

APPLETON—In Providence, 17th inst., Elisha Williams Appleton, in his 90th year.

HARRINGTON—In East Providence, 16th inst., Francis Harrington.

RICE—In East Providence, 18th inst., Harriet Thompson, widow of George Rice, in her 87th year.

HUGHES—In Fall River, 16th inst., Margaret, widow of William Hughes.

CARPENTER—In Fall River, 16th inst., Rose Ann, wife of Michael Carpenter, aged 68 years.

ROBERT C. COTTRELL, Undertaker and Embalmer, 322 & 324 Thames street. Residence, 104 Mill street. Telephone at office and residence.

JAMES A. DUNPHY, Undertaker and Embalmer, graduate Massachusetts College of Embalming, 613 Thames street. Residence 9 Mount Vernon street. Telephone at office and residence.

Health for ten cents. Cascarets make the bowels and kidneys act naturally, destroy microbes, cure headaches, biliousness and constipation. All druggists.

"Safe bind, safe find." Fortify yourself by taking Hood's Sarsaparilla now and be sure of good health for months to come.

FOR SALE.
Portsmouth Shore Farm.
THE WILLIAM CARR ESTATE IN PORTSMOUTH SITUATE A LITTLE SOUTH OF PORTSMOUTH GROVE, CONTAINING 15 ACRES OF LAND AND FARM BUILDINGS. FOR PARTICULARS INQUIRE OF
SIMEON HAZARD,
SOLE AGENT, 91 BROADWAY,
NEWPORT, R. I.

New Arrivals.
Car Excellent Wheat ($1.25 per hundred, $23 a ton).
Car "Chicken" Cracked Corn (the nicest that can be milled).
Car Choice Winter Mixed Feed (direct from St. Louis).
And a large invoice of all kinds of HAY SEED (fresh stock).
H. L. MARSH & CO.
Telephone 208.

MASSAGE.

Miss E. S. Peckham, Masseuse.
General and facial massage. Treatments with electricity if desired. Also Swedish movements. 16 Newport avenue.

Miss E. G. Dimock, Masseuse.
Refers to DOCTOR DOUGLAS GRAHAM, BOSTON, by whom was graduated. 205 Spring street. Telephone 376-4.

Dr. E. C. HOLLOWAY,
CHIROPODIST AND ELECTROLYSIAN,
Office, 70 Spring St., Newport, R. I. Open Evenings. Orders may be left at Seabury's Shoe Store.

PHOTOGRAPHERS.

PORTRAITS
from miniature to life size finished in a variety of styles. Copying, Interior or Exterior Views of any kind. Sittings by appointment.
"REMBRANDT" STUDIO,
202 Thames Street.
Telephone 121-2.

Kodaks, $5 to $35.
Cram-o-phones.
Electrical Novelties.
GEO. H. CHASE,
Room 4, over 201 THAMES ST. Up one flight.

ATTENTION!
Do not fail to stop in my
Flower Store, 234 Thames St
Everything you buy will be fresh and first class.
Funeral and Wedding Work a Specialty
PRICES VERY LOW. H. J. HASS.

STATE OF RHODE ISLAND.
HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.
PROVIDENCE, MARCH 15, 1900.

Public Hearing.

The Committee on the Judiciary of the House of Representatives will hear all persons interested in the bill entitled
"AN ACT FOR THE CONVEYANCE TO THE CITY OF NEWPORT OF CERTAIN LAND THEREIN BELONGING TO THE STATE"
In House Chamber, State House, Providence, on FRIDAY, March 23, 1900, at 2 o'clock P. M.
W. W. BLODGETT, Chairman.
ARTHUR A. RHODES, Clerk.
80 Weybosset Street.

Several Odd Wagon Wheels
IN SERVICEABLE CONDITION.
AND A NUMBER OF
Rain-water Hogsheads and Casks
FOR SALE BY
HENRY A. THORNDIKE,
65 & 67 BRIDGE STREET;
62 & 64 LONG WHARF.

NOT UNDER THE CONSTITUTION.

Senator Beveridge's Porto Rico Amendment Expressly So Provides.

WASHINGTON, March 19.—Senator Beveridge today offered the following substitute for the tariff section of the Porto Rico bill:

"All articles coming into the United States from Porto Rico, or going into Porto Rico from the United States, shall be admitted free of duty; but this act shall not be construed as extending the constitution of the United States or any part thereof, over Porto Rico, and it is hereby declared that the constitution of the United States is not extended over Porto Rico."

Mr. Beveridge gave notice that he would address the Senate next Thursday on the amendment and pending measure.

The Senate proceeded to the consideration of the legislative, executive and judicial appropriation bill, Mr. Cullom of Illinois being in charge of the measure. As reported to the Senate the bill carried $24,155,800.

The reading of the bill was completed at 1:40 p. m., the committee amendments having been agreed to as the reading proceeded. The bill as amended was passed without division.

HOUSE NON-CONCURS.

Refuses to Approve Amendments Made by the Senate.

WASHINGTON, March 19.—At the opening of the session of the House today bills were passed to authorize C. E. Marr and E. H. Pearce to accept silver watches, awarded to them by Canada for services in rescuing British sailors, and to authorize C. R. Dobbins to accept a gold watch from the Dominion for similar services.

The pension appropriation bill was sent to conference, Messrs. Barney (Wis.), McCleary (Minn.) and Bell (Col.) being appointed conferees.

Mr. Cannon called up the Porto Rico appropriation bill and moved that the House non-concur in the Senate amendments.

Mr. McRae of Arkansas moved concurrence.

Mr. Cannon explained the changes made in the bill by the Senate, which, he said, restricted the appropriations to the duties collected previous to January 1, 1900. The House provision appropriated also the duties collected after that date and those to be hereafter collected. The other change made by the Senate, that designating the purpose to which the money should be put, he said, was only a change of form, the House provision having left the expenditures of the money to the discretion of the President.

Mr. McRae said the essential difference between the two bills was that the House bill affirmed the right of the United States to impose the Dingley rates against Porto Rico, whereas the Senate provision upon this subject was indefinite.

The motion to concur was lost—86 to 116. The motion to non-concur then prevailed without division.

New Massachusetts Collectors of Customs.

WASHINGTON, March 19.—The President today sent the following nominations to the Senate:

Theodore W. Wheeler of New York, to be surveyor of customs for the port of Port Jefferson, N. Y.; Obed G. Smith, to be collector of customs, district of Nantucket, Mass.; George F. Bartlett, to be collector of customs, district of New Bedford, Mass.; James Brady, to be collector of customs, district of Fall River, Mass.

JAMESTOWN.

[Regular correspondence of the News.]

Rev. C. D. Burrows is in Providence for a few days.

Mr. William Allen was the guest of his son, Mr. William H. Allen, yesterday.

Mr. Harry Nason spent Sunday here.

This morning the freight house at Newport was placed on the Beaver Tail and brought here. It was then taken to the west ferry, where it will be used for a storehouse and workshop. This fills a long felt want at the west ferry, as heretofore there was no shelter for baggage.

Rev. G. Herbert Patterson of St. Mary's Church, Portsmouth, will preach at St. Matthew's Wednesday afternoon.

Mr. Martin E. Bennett, representing the R. G. Dunn mercantile agency, was in town today.

Miss Anna Wright is ill at her home on the North road.

Yesterday, while launching Mr. Charles Fletcher's naphtha launch, a hitch in the proceedings resulted in a wetting for Mr. William Wright. No further damage was done.

This morning the old waiting room was moved over to the south side of the ferry company's new slip, where it will be used as a freight house.

Mr. Louis Anthony has hired of Mr. Andrew Williams his cottage on Windsor street.

A petition is being circulated and generally signed, asking the town council to have the anti-cigarette law enforced.

Mrs. N. S. Littlefield, Mr. and Mrs. Jere Tefft and Messrs. Lionel Champlin and A. L. Champlin are in Providence today.

PROBATE COURT.

In the probate court this morning the executor's first and final account with the estate of Mary McGowan Nicholson, showing proceeds of sale of real estate; the executor's first and final account with the estate of Richard Cornell, and the inventory of the estate of W. C. Anthony were allowed. The petition to sell personal estate of W. C. Anthony was granted. George W. Wright was appointed administrator of the estate of John P. Wright.

The executors' account with the estate of Thatcher Thayer, setting out bequests to be paid and property to be turned over to the residuary legatees, was examined, allowed, ordered recorded, and ordered sent to the clerk of the appellate division of the supreme court, with the report of this court's action. The guardian of Edward N. Thayer was approved and the executors of the will of T. Thayer were ordered to pay to said guardian said Edward N. Thayer's portion of the estate of Thatcher Thayer.

The two petitions for administration de bonis non with the will annexed on the estate of Joseph Gibson were continued to March 26. Petitions were received, and continued to April 9, for administration de bonis non with the will annexed, on the estate of Thomas Goddard, for administration on the estate of Abby R. Hammett, for probate of the will of Mary Gainor, and for consideration of the administrator's final account with the estate of Thomas Linehan, alias Linard.

The account of the executors of the will of Rev. Thatcher Thayer shows that $10,000 is to be divided among the children of his four deceased brothers; $5,000 and the household furniture, books, paintings, china, etc., are left to the executors to be divided according to the testator's wishes, as expressed in a letter. The residue is to be divided into four portions and distributed equally to the United Congregational Church, the Board of Trustees of the Ministerial Fund, the American Home Missionary Society, and the American Board of Commissioners for Foreign Missions.

MR. PHELPS IN ENGLAND.

The late ex-Minister to England, Mr. E. J. Phelps, said at his leave-taking in London in 1889: "You are not sending me away empty handed or alone. I go freighted and laden with happy memories, inexhaustible and unalloyed, of England, its warm-hearted people, and their measureless kindness. Spirits more than twain will cross with me, messengers of your good will. Happy the nation that can thus speed its parting guest! Fortunate the guest who has found his welcome almost an adoption and whose farewell leaves half his heart behind."

Immediately after the Phelps dinner Lord Coleridge, writing to a friend in America, said: "We sent away Mr. Phelps in a perfect gale of good wishes. I like him very much, and truly grieve at his departure. I have known a good many American Ministers and some of them very remarkable, almost great men, but I never knew one so delightful in all ways—learned, accomplished, amiable, a most charming companion to spend a week with, and yet a most prudent and dignified minister; he is one of the very best men in all ways you have ever sent us. It would be a sorrow to me to think that I should never see him again. I am surprised that he was, as you tell me, somewhat unknown in America. I can only say it reminds me of Lord Brougham's famous sarcastic dedication to Lord Wellesley in which, after celebrating Lord Wellesley himself, he adds (to the effect—I forget the words) the rare felicity of England—so rich in men of genius and capacity for affairs—that she can spare from her councils such men as he."

LOCAL BRIEFS.

—The horses of the late Robert Goelet have arrived here for the season.

—Oyster boat W. H. Lockwood is receiving a new shaft at the shipyard.

—Mr. T. J. O'Neill has gone to Hot Springs, Va., for the benefit of his health.

—The Island Cemetery corporation will hold its annual meeting this evening.

—Yesterday the remains of a whale, about half eaten, came ashore on the east end of Second beach.

—A new lining shed, about 75 by 30 feet, is being built in the yard of the Water Works on West Marlboro street.

—Mr. E. L. Doucette and Mr. G. A. Wood have arrived at Hamilton, Bermuda. They report a very stormy passage.

—Mr. and Mrs. Edward R. Wharton will sail for Europe April 5. They will return for the Newport season.

—Tugs Wyalusing, R. C. Veit, Cora L. Staples, Rattler, Aries, Aquidneck and Gladiator are in port, with tows of light barges.

—Steamer G. W. Danielson went to Block Island yesterday, and returned today with a good supply of fish for New York and Providence.

—Today is the Feast of St. Joseph, the patron saint of the entire Catholic church; and was observed by services at both the Catholic churches.

—Charles Mason, late pilot on steamer City of Taunton, is filling the place of pilot Baker on the General. Mr. Baker's condition is gradually improving at the Newport Hospital.

—The Epworth leagues of Newport, Taunton and New Bedford have been invited to attend a lecture by General Secretary Thirkield, at the First Methodist Episcopal Church, Fall River, March 28.

—H. C. Jacobs, G. M. Battle, J. S. Hilton and J. R. Pope of New York, Leslie Anderson, F. H. Wiswell and J. W. Newman of Boston, and J. H. Read, Jr., of Providence are registered at the Perry House.

—Edward Jenks, formerly of this city, who has appeared at the Opera House in "Men and Women" and with other companies, is a member of the Sheridan-Wolford Company, which is at the Opera House this week.

—Miss Helen Estelle Williams, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles H. Williams of this city, has accepted a position as head nurse of a ward in the Fred Douglass Hospital in Philadelphia. She also will have charge of the pupil nurses, directing their work. Miss Harper of Chicago is head nurse and matron.

—The Postoffice Department has informed Postmaster A. C. Landers that the request for the system of letter registrations by carriers will be complied with by April 1, provided the information cards which are necessary to the operation of the system can be obtained from the public printer by that time. The original supply became exhausted, causing delay in many New England cities.

NOT REMOVED TO THE FEDERAL COURT.

Motion Denied in the McCotter-New Shoreham Case.

[Special despatch to the News.]

PROVIDENCE, March 19.—In the appellate court this morning Judge Tillinghast denied the motion for the removal to the United States circuit court of the case of William S. McCotter vs. Town Council of New Shoreham. He says: "I am of the opinion that the federal court has no jurisdiction to try and determine this case. It is a petition under the statute of a case or proceeding for laying out a highway in the town of New Shoreham, and the granting or refusal of a trial or a new trial is a matter of discussion with the exercise of which by the state court the federal court will not interfere. The appeal by the plaintiff from the doings of the town council of New Shoreham has been dismissed, and hence no case is now pending involving any question as to the legality or regularity of condemnation proceedings. Another reason why the federal court has no jurisdiction is that the petitioner is the plaintiff in the suit and hence cannot ask for a removal and further I do not think it sufficiently appears that the property or right which the plaintiff claims is sufficient to give jurisdiction to the circuit court. The motion is denied."

PHENIX MILLS TO COMBINE.

Interlaken Works to Purchase the Harris Textile Company.

PHENIX, March 19.—The Interlaken works at Arkwright, manufacturers of bookbinders' cloth and window shades, have taken preliminary steps looking to the purchase of the Harris Textile Company's mills at this place and a consolidation of the two plants. Representatives of the former have inspected the Harris property, and if satisfactory arrangements can be made and the British directors of the Interlaken company approve the plan, the two properties will be consolidated and the number of plain looms at Harris materially increased. The object of the proposed consolidation is to secure a complete supply of gray cloth for the Interlaken works, about 75 per cent of that now used being bought of other mills.

TO SATISFY A MORTGAGE.

Kansas City, Pittsburg & Gulf Railroad Sold at Auction.

JOPLIN, Mo., March 19.—The Kansas City, Pittsburg & Gulf railroad was sold at auction at the depot in this city today by E. H. Stiles, master in chancery, to satisfy a $23,000,000 mortgage, with one year's accrued interest, held by the State Trust company of New York. But one bid was made, that by Silas W. Pettit, chief counsel of the Philadelphia reorganization company, of $12,500,000, the upset price.

C. RAOUL DUVAL OFF FOR THE GOLD FIELDS.

C. Raoul Duval, one of the best known polo players of the country and a member of the Meadow Brook Hunt Club, has gone to the Klondike. He is accompanied by a number of Western men, and his trip is a business one. It is said that Mr. Duval contemplates establishing a line of steamships between the Klondike and San Francisco.

Mr. Duval's trip will necessitate the abandonment of his scheme for taking a team of American polo players to Paris in June next. He had laid the matter before the leading country clubs and his project had been officially indorsed. His ideas may, however, be carried out by other devotees of the sport.

A KLONDIKE IN JAPAN.

Gold is now being found in large quantities at Hokkaido, in the province of Kitami in Japan. A territory embracing 650 square miles, the central point of which is Mount Horo-Noboro, is being worked and with such splendid results that old diggers have styled it the Japanese Klondike. Almost all the gold is found in little pools and streams, which have their source in Mount Horo-Noboro.

Until recently there was only a small village in this district, the inhabitants of which numbered about 400 inhabitants, whereas today there is a flourishing city with a population of more than 8,000. As to the exact yield of gold up to the present it is not easy to obtain reliable statistics, for the reason that the diggers are very reticent on the subject, evidently fearing that if their good fortune becomes generally known, a host of adventurers will flock to Hokkaido from all parts of the world. It is certain, however, that one company, which has been buying gold from the diggers, has exported 900 kilograms of the pure metal within the past nine months.

The gold is obtained in the most primitive manner and much more easily than is the case in other well known gold fields. The climatic conditions at Hokkaido are also exceptionally favorable for this work. The right to search for gold can be purchased from the government for a small sum, yet it is said that many of the present diggers have paid nothing and that the 10 policemen who are employed to sell concessions find it impossible to collect a cent from many of those who are daily gathering up gold from the beds of the small pools and streams.

ESPINOSA TO BE GROWN IN FLORIDA.

Several thousand acres in South Florida will be devoted this year to the raising of espinosa, otherwise and familiarly known there as the Florida coffee-weed. It gets its name from its seeds, growing in pods, and somewhat resembling the coffee bean. To what use it is put the Florida growers profess not to know. It is sufficient for them that it has a market. Like the sunflower seed, so largely raised in western Iowa, it is probably used as an adulterant. The plant is a native of Mexico, and its seeds have been imported into the United States in large quantities for a number of years, large firms in the West and North buying heavily. So large was the demand that attempts were made to grow the plant in the United States. Experiments with it in Arkansas and Texas failed, but satisfactory results were obtained in Florida last year, and a rapid growth of the industry there is predicted.

Commander Charles T. Hutchins has reported for duty at the New York yard. He is to command the converted cruiser Buffalo, which is to be used as a training ship for landsmen, and which will be placed in commission April 2.

NEW COLOR PHOTOGRAPHY.

American Professor Lectures in London on the Latest Process.

Professor R. W. Wood of Wisconsin University recently lectured at the Society of Arts on his researches in that fruitful field of experiment, color photography. Sir W. De W. Abney occupied the chair, and the audience included many notable physicists and photographic experimentalists.

Professor Wood's process is a simplification of the "indirect" or "tri-color" process, which owes its existence to the theories of Young and Helmholtz, and the practice of experimenters, of whom Clerk Maxwell, Ducos du Hauron, and Frederick E. Ives are the chief. It is a process for doing what the eye does. We distinguish between every color because our eyes have three sets of nerves, each sensitive to one of the colors, red, green, and blue, but still, in some degree, to the other two as well. White light is made up of rays of these three colors, and the colors of every natural object are composed of these three in some proportion. The eye nerves separately sensitive to these three colors combine them again in the sensation which they give to the brain. The photographic method is an imitation of the eye's method. Three negatives are made, through red, green and violet screens, and from these three transparencies are produced on glass. Each of these positives represents the amount of red, green or violet in the original colored object. If we view them backed up with a suitable red, green, or violet glass the actual amounts of these colors will be seen. To reproduce the object in its natural colors it is only necessary to devise means of viewing these three monochrome images at the same moment. Perfect mechanical contrivances, such as Ives's "Kromskop," exist, by which this can be done, but they are complicated and delicate instruments. Professor Wood's process is, in essential, a tri-color process; but by an ingenious use of a well known instrument—the diffraction grating—it dispenses at the later stage with the three separate images and the difficulties attending their recombination.

A diffraction grating is a glass plate ruled with a very great number (2,000 and more) of parallel lines. When placed in the path of a ray of white light it spreads it out into a spectrum somewhat as does a prism, the chief difference being that while the prism gives only one spectrum, the grating gives a double series of spectra, spreading in opposite directions from a central point. The finer the ruling the more are these colored bands spread out. This is the fact which lies at the bottom of Professor Wood's process.

Taking a small frame containing a lens, he places a grating behind it, and in front of it, at a distance equal to the focal length of the lens, an opaque screen, so that an image of the spectrum is cast on the screen. If a hole be made in this screen at the spot where the red portion of the spectrum falls, the grating will appear red when the eye is applied to this hole. If, on the other hand, the aperture is made where the green part of the spectrum falls, the grating will appear green. If now the grating be replaced by one of such ruling as to project the green part of the spectrum over this first hole, it will, when similarly viewed, appear green. In the same way, these two gratings placed behind the lens, together with one giving a violet patch over the hole, will produce the effect of white light. It is clear, then, that, if we can obtain a photographic transparency in which the red, violet and green of the original are represented by gratings such as have just been instanced, we shall see, on looking through the aperture, a view of the original in its true colors, since these three colors will determine all the others, and each diffraction grating acts as though the others were not there.

Suppose we wish to represent a bouquet of different colored blossoms; the red flowers must have 2,000 lines to the inch, the blue flowers 2,750, the yellow, which we must make by a mixture of red and green, a double set of lines corresponding to the red and green, and the white all three sets of lines. The shadows and the darker colors must be represented by grating lines less distinct, and in the dead blacks the lines are wholly absent. Complicated as this arrangement appears, it can be accomplished quite easily, by the aid of photography; for the fine diffraction lines, once ruled on a grass plate, can be transferred to a sensitized film by contact printing.

Having made three transparent positives through red, green, and blue screens, Professor Wood proceeds to register these three images on a single plate, interposing a suitable grating in each case. This is done by throwing the image of the positive on to the screen by an arrangement similar to a magic lantern, and when obtained in sharp outline, pressing a sensitive plate against the grating and exposing to light. The positive is changed for another, representing a different color sensation; the grating is likewise appropriately changed, and a second exposure given to the plate. In the same way a third impression is made. The result, when the plate is developed, is a representation of the original object. So it is that when the plate is placed before a lens and viewed from a certain point these three gratings give rise to the sensation upon the eye of the observer of every shade of color.

It is the easiest thing imaginable to copy a diffraction photograph such as this, and in this fact lies the importance and possibility of the process. At present it is difficult to secure sensitive plates fine enough in grain and at the same time rapid enough to be used in the camera, but when this obstacle is surmounted—and it is not insurmountable—the taking of photographic transparencies in natural colors will be on a fair way to being reduced to the acme of simplicity. At present, however, the three separate positives must first be made, and the diffraction image prepared from them. Once this has been obtained, it can be multiplied with the greatest ease.—[London Daily Chronicle.

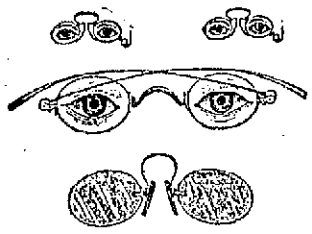
NATIONS THAT HAVE BIG DEBTS.

It has been announced that there is a deficit of $49,000,000 in the Russian government's income this year, the equivalent in Russian money of this sum being 100,000,000 roubles. The Russian system of finance is somewhat vague in reference to actual results, there being every year a formal estimate of the prospective government receipts and expenses, and a subsequent discovery that the receipts have fallen below the estimate made of them or that the expenses have gone above the estimate, the accounts showing a deficit, which is carried over to the year succeeding. Thus in 1849 the deficit was 700,000 roubles; in 1895, 72,000,000; in 1896, 69,000,000; in 1897, 30,000,000; in 1898, 50,000,000. This year the shortage will be 100,000,000 roubles, but the circumstance is not a disquieting one to the Russian financiers, who appear to take it as a matter of course. Russia imposes direct taxes on land, licenses and capital invested in business, and obtains further revenue from indirect taxes on liquors (the chief item), tobacco, sugar, matches and naphtha sold at retail within the empire, from custom duties, stamp duties and from the sale of spirits by the state—what would be colloquially called in this country a bar annex. The railroads are run by the government, and the profits of the postoffice and the telegraph service go into the government revenues. The expenditures include two items which would probably be regarded with disfavor by American financiers. One of these is "unpaid arrears" and the other is "unforeseen expenses."

Russia is not the only European country in which this indefinite method of government financiering prevails, and in which an annual deficit is regarded as a suggestion of what is euphoniously called "a re-adjustment of the finances." Portugal, a country having a similar population than the state of Pennsylvania, has an outstanding debt of $600,000,000, exclusive of a floating debt of about $100,000,000 more. The expenditures of the Portuguese government exceed the receipts, not occasionally but always, and during the last eight years there has not been one in which the disbursements have not been in excess of the revenues.

Another country in which there is a considerable amount of wild government financiering, judged from the American or English standard, is Greece, whose total population by the census of 1896 was 2,400,000, or about the same as the population of Indiana. The national debt of Greece is 825,000,000 drachmas, the equivalent of about $165,000,000, and the Greek revenues usually fall short of the necessary expenditures. A few years ago the total receipts figured up 95,000,000 drachmas, and the total expenses 100,000,000. A few years before that the receipts were 60,000,000 and the expenses 120,000,000. These items include, of course, merely the ordinary government operations, and are entirely exclusive of the revenues derived from loans or the sums applied to their payment.

The intricacies of Turkish and Spanish finances have long been a source of wonder to financiers, and Turkey exceeds Spain in the variety of novel methods in government business. The present debt of Turkey is $350,000,000, and the Turkish practice of mortgaging the most desirable items of revenue explains, to some extent at least, the difficulty experienced in collecting the various items of income, one of which is a tax on sheep, another a tax on fishermen, and other items collectible from the profits on the sale of tobacco and payments for exemption from military service. In many European countries the danger of a surplus to confront the government financiers is not a source of any recurring embarrassment. They come to be better used to an annual deficit. The ordinary method of providing for the shortage is to issue bonds and when the interest on these cannot be met the rate of interest is arbitrarily reduced.—[New York Sun.



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MUELLER, Scientific Optician, 166 Bellevue Avenue.

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Fresh Eggs, 20 cents per doz.
Also 2 lbs. Mutton Chops for 25 cents.

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ELECTRIC LIGHT and BELL REPAIRS.
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Naphtha Launches, Sail and Row Boats,
TO LET BY HOUR, DAY OR WEEK.

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LANDSCAPE GARDENER
Gentlemen's places taken care of by the day, month or year. Hedges and shrubs furnished at the lowest prices. Grading and laying out of new grounds a specialty.
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Ix Wash Boilers,
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Nickel Plated Copper Teakettles, $1

Galvanized Iron Garbage Cans, With Hinge Covers, $1.

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THE QUAKER BATH CABINET.
Turkish or Vapor Baths in your own house.
IT IS THE ONLY BATH WHICH PRESERVES HEALTH.
PREVENTS COLDS, FEVERS, LA GRIPPE AND DISEASE.
There is no man, woman or child in the world whom Turkish and vapor cabinet baths will not benefit.
A $12 BATH CABINET FOR ONLY $5.
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Fresh Table Eggs.
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142 THAMES STREET.
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Alteration Sale!
In order to immediately make room for proposed extensive alterations in our establishment, we are closing out our stock of
CROCKERY, GLASSWARE, TINWARE, etc.,
AT CUT PRICES.
THE BARGAINS
We are offering are well worth taking advantage of. CALL IN and look them over.
Levy's
76 BROAD WAY.

A. Livingston Mason,
(Trustee Estate of Isaac Hartshorn.)
CARE and MANAGEMENT of ESTATES
HALIDON HALL, NEWPORT.
61 WESTMINSTER STREET, PROVIDENCE.
Rooms 44 and 45.

Caswell, Massey & Co.,
NEW YORK AND NEWPORT.
Pure Distilled Water,
50c. for five gallon carboy.
This water is absolutely pure and is used in making all our mineral waters.
Obtained first from a deepartesian well, it is converted into steam, condensed, and aerated.
All Foreign and Native Waters on Hand.
SIPHONS OF SODA, VICHY, LITHIA, SELTZER, $1.50 a doz.
PRESCRIPTION DEPARTMENT A SPECIALTY. NIGHT CLERK IN ATTENDANCE.
Heavy goods delivered at 12 M. and 5 P. M. Special messengers at all hours.
212 Thames St., Cor. Church St.
Casino Building.
Hotel Thorndike, Jamestown.

AMUSEMENTS, LECTURES, ETC.

Opera House.
One week, commencing
Monday, March 19.
—THE—
Wolford-Sheridan Company,
Presenting Famous Plays.
REPERTOIRE:
Monday Night, "Cast Adrift."
Tuesday Matinee, "The Power of the Cross."
Tuesday Night, "The Russian Spy."
Wednesday Matinee, "Lady Audley's Secret."
Wednesday Night, "On the Mississippi."
Thursday Matinee, "A Soldier of Africa."
Thursday Night, "The Power of the Cross."
Friday Matinee, "The Heart of Arkansaw."
Friday Night, "The Brand of Cain."
Saturday Matinee, "The Smugglers."
Saturday Night, "The Pulse of New York."
VAUDEVILLE FEATURES BETWEEN ACTS.
PRICES: Evening—10c., 20c. and 30c. Matinee—10c. and 20c.

Dent's Kid Gloves
Cost $17.35 per dozen in New York. We sell them for $1.37 per pair.
All our Furnishing Goods must be sold and our prices are right to sell them.
W. C. LANGLEY & SON
174 THAMES STREET.

Bargain Sales!
We shall continue our bargain sales the remainder of this week and will place on sale many articles which in value and price are real bargains.
J. M. K. SOUTHWICK,
185 Thames Street

WATER.
Persons desirous of having water introduced into residences or places of business should make application at the office of the Newport Water Works, 5 West Marlborough street. Office hours from 8 A. M. to 2 P. M.

Brookfield Farm Eggs,
5 dozen for $1.
Brookfield Farm Cream, very thick and heavy, 30c. a jar.
Diamond Creamery Butter, 3 1-2 lbs. for $1.
—AT—
BROWN'S MARKET.

TO SEE THE POPE.

Admiral and Mrs. Dewey to Visit Rome and Spend a Year in Travel.

NEW YORK, March 19.—Admiral and Mrs. Dewey, according to a Washington despatch, will sail April 25 for Europe for a year in foreign travel. They will go to Rome early in May. Mrs. Dewey, who is a Roman Catholic, is anxious to pay her respects to the pope and to present her distinguished husband to him. She has secured the promise of an audience through the efforts of Cardinal Gibbons, who is a warm friend of her brother, John R. McLean.

The admiral will go to Paris in time to preside over the American delegation at the universal congress of navigation, which meets June 26 to July 5. He will spend some time in England, where he and Mrs. Dewey have many friends.

Mrs. Dewey's health is the subject of much anxiety. A sea voyage and an absolute change of climate has been recommended by her physician.

WHEELER NOT IGNORED.

Not Otis's Custom to Mention Officers Unless Operations Independently.

DALLAS, Texas, March 19.—M. B. Davis, who served with General Wheeler in the Confederate army, recently wrote to the War Department concerning the reports that General Otis had intentionally ignored mentioning General Wheeler in his reports concerning the fighting in the Philippines. Mr. Davis has received a long reply from John A. Johnston, assistant adjutant general, in which he says:

"It has not been usual for General Otis to cable to this department the particular service of individual officers unless they were operating independently. General Wheeler's brigade was attached to General MacArthur's division, General MacArthur was the commander, and all operations in which this brigade participated, so far as the department has been advised, were personally conducted by General MacArthur."

The letter then names engagements in four campaigns from September 9 to November 11 in which General Wheeler's brigade was in action, and concludes: "No official reports of these engagements, in which special performances of brigade commanders are likely to have been mentioned, have as yet been received at this department."

TYPOGRAPHICAL UNION EXPELLED

Federation of Labor Evades Charges of Holding Political Offices.

CHICAGO, March 19.—Typographical Union No. 16, composed of the printers of Chicago, has been thrown out of the Federation of Labor. By a large majority the motion was carried which unseated the 13 delegates from the union and expelled them until such time as they are ready to "apologize."

By their action the leaders in the big organization saved themselves from being charged with violating the constitution by holding political offices. The printers had come prepared to make the charge, but were unseated before occasion could be found to debate the question. Notice was immediately served upon the federation that an appeal will be taken to the American Federation of Labor.

Chicago Typographical Union has more than 1,800 members in good standing, and is regarded as one of the most important unions in the city.

METROPOLITAN AFTER THEM ALL.

Planning to Control the Street Railway Business in New York.

NEW YORK, March 19.—The World says today that, in addition to the plan of the Metropolitan Street Railway Company to absorb the Third Avenue road it is planning to get control of most of the street railway business in New York. It is declared that after the Third Avenue Company is taken in the Brooklyn Rapid Transit system will be looked after, and when the conditions warrant it will be absorbed; and then the only opposition will consist of the Manhattan elevated system.

CASH AND BANK BOOKS.

Found Concealed on a Woman Killed by a Runaway Horse.

NEW YORK, March 19.—Mrs Caroline Wright died at a hospital last night from the effects of injuries received by being knocked down by a runaway horse.

While the physicians were attending the woman before her death they found a lump under her clothing. Then it was found that tightly fastened around her body were two canvas bags. In each bag were a bank book, rolls of bills of large denomination and gold coins. The doctors turned the bags over to Superintendent Picken, who locked them in the safe to await the coming of some of Mrs. Wright's relatives. They did not examine their contents closely because they had no right to do so, but they believe there is at least $2,000 in cash in addition to the amount represented by the bank books.

German and Russian Duties on Shipbuilding Materials.

BERLIN, March 19.—At a recent conference of German shipbuilders in Hamburg, it was decided to protest against the abrogation of the exemption from duty of such important building materials adopted by the budget committee of the Reichstag.

Russia, it is said, is making special efforts to increase her shipping and will give free trade in shipbuilding materials and pay bounties for the establishment of navigation schools.

To Give $10 000 a Week to Strikers.

NEW YORK, March 19.—Twenty thousand cigar makers were represented at a meeting held yesterday in this city. It was decided to give $10 000 a week to the 2,200 striking men and women employed by Krebs, Wertheim & Schiffer. The money for the strikers will be taken from the cigar makers' strike fund, which amounts to $250,000, and every man who is working will contribute 50 cents each week to the strikers.

Flour Ruined by Fumigation.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 19.—United States transport Warren, recently released from quarantine, has begun to discharge her cargo. While in the process of fumigation practically ruined all the flour on board, which means a considerable loss to the government. The bodies of soldiers brought from Manila on transport Duke of Fife will be taken to the Presidio military reservation today.

LOCAL BRIEFS.

—Training ship Alliance has arrived at St. Croix.

—Mr. Hugh K. Norman is at Hot Springs, Va.

—Mr. Lispenard Stewart is at the Hotel Imperial, Paris.

—Mr. F. S. Willard of Portland, Me., is visiting Mr. C. B. Anderson.

—Mr. and Mrs. Robert Burch and Miss Burch have returned to Utica.

—Mr. and Mrs. Elisha Dyer, Jr., will spend the early part of the summer abroad.

—Mr. William Brown of Fall River is visiting his brother-in-law, Mr. W. E. Mumford.

—Mrs. Shirley Erving and her nephew, Mr. Roland King, are in Washington to remain some time.

—Mr. James Lawrence is the new owner of steam yacht Sanibel and has joined her at Havre de Grace.

—The farmers are busy carting fertilizer and other supplies out of town, in preparation for the opening of the farming season.

—Mr. and Mrs. Norman de Ruyter Whitehouse have returned to their country house at Westbury, Long Island. They will spend the summer here.

—Mr. G. B. Kirkpatrick, electrical engineer at the main office of the Western Union, is visiting Mr. Woodle. Mr. Kirkpatrick formerly resided here.

—Mr. Gordon McKay gave a dinner Friday night at Jekyl island, Brunswick, Ga., in honor of Mrs. Francis Bartlett and her daughters of Pittsfield, Mass.

—Catcher P. J. Crisham now belongs to the Brooklyn base ball team. A part of the men will go south tomorrow, but Crisham and McKenna will not be among them.

—Rev. J. L. Dearing, president of the Baptist Theological Seminary, Yokohama, Japan, will give a missionary address in the Central Baptist Church tomorrow evening at 7:45 o'clock.

—Schooner Lizzie M. Stanwood, Captain John Macdonald, arrived Saturday night with a cargo of frozen herring, bound for New York. She put in on account of head winds and sailed today.

—Mr. and Mrs. John Elliott (Maud Howe) are living in Palazzo Rusticucci, near St. Peter's, in Rome, and entertaining their American friends. This winter Mrs. Elliott has with her her niece, Miss Rosamond Richards.

—Captain Henry C. Taylor assumed command of receiving ship Vermont at the New York navy yard Saturday, succeeding Captain Merrill Miller, who has been assigned as captain of the Mare Island navy yard in San Francisco.

—Steam yacht Nahma is awaiting at Cannes the arrival of Mrs. Ogden Goelet, Miss Goelet, and Mrs. Richard Irvin, who sailed last week from New York. The yacht had a very rough time in the Bay of Biscay, and was nearly wrecked.

—Mr. L. C. Ledyard, Jr., and Mr. W. A. M. Burden, students at Harvard College, are at the Ferry House. They and a few of their classmates are here to enjoy duck shooting up the bay, under the guidance of Captain William Champion.

—Mr. Frank H. Child has received a commission from the New York Herald to photograph the Paris exposition for that paper. He will leave in about two weeks and be present at the opening of the exposition May 1, remaining about two weeks.

—Mrs. Potter Palmer will leave Chicago Wednesday for New York and from there will go to Paris to attend to the preliminary work connected with her appointment by President McKinley as a commissioner to the exposition. Mrs. Palmer will look after the interests of the American women in Paris.

—This morning two soldiers from the Seventh artillery were about the Liberty Tree, in a partial state of intoxication, engaged in insulting girls who chanced to pass by. They were finally taken into camp by Officers Wilcox and Crowley. The Liberty Tree does not stand for liberty to do such things as they were doing.

—Mr. T. Laurence Freeborne, formerly of Newport and now physical director of the Young Men's Christian Association gymnasium at Rutland, Vt., is in the city, having been in attendance upon the Association conference Sunday. Tomorrow, with General Secretary Tisdale and Physical Director Burdick, he will go to Springfield, Mass., to attend a district conference there.

—The New York World says: "It has been rumored that the Count and Countess Castellane will visit Newport during July or August of this year. Their reception was so flattering on their last visit that they wish to enjoy the delights of a Newport summer. The count spent two very delightful summers at Newport before his marriage, and his splendid entertainments will be well remembered by those who were invited."

—Newport Conclave, Knights of Sherwood Forest, has called together its drill squad, having been informed of a coming competitive drill, to take place at New Bedford May 2. The conclaves in Brockton, Taunton and New Bedford will participate, and it is understood that some of these have been in training for some time, thus having an advantage over the local drill squad, which in times past has been able to sweep all the prizes put up. The locals, however, by strict attention to their work hope to be in condition for service on the appointed day.

MIDDLETOWN.

[Regular correspondence of the News.]

The grip is very prevalent about town. There is hardly a house but has one case and in some the whole family is sick.

Mr. Thomas Ward entertained yesterday.

Mr. W. C. Peckham, who has been in New York, has been called home on account of sickness in his family.

Mrs. Frances Lewis has been assisting in the care of Mrs. A. A. Brown.

Mrs. Charles Ward is confined at home by illness.

Mrs. W. C. Peckham and her son Harold are quite sick.

Mr. and Mrs. William G. Brown and their daughter Elsie, who have been at Mr. Benjamin Brown's returned home

RESULT OF A PLOT.

Startling Revelations Promised Concerning Goebel's Murder.

LEXINGTON, Ky., March 18.—Promising revelations of all the details of the plot that resulted in the assassination of Senator William Goebel, lawyers engaged in the work of hunting the murderer declare the trial of persons now under arrest, or yet to be arrested, will prove one of the greatest sensations of American political history.

They will bring out much of the startling evidence they have gathered at the hearing before the county court in Frankfort, when Caleb Powers, the Republican secretary of state, and the five other prisoners arrested recently are arraigned on a charge of complicity in the murder conspiracy.

According to the lawyers, they have obtained every detail of the plot. They declare they can put their hands at any time on the man who did the actual shooting, but are stalking larger game. The murderer is described as a paid assassin, a hired fighter, who formerly worked for one of the old mountain killing families, retainer, at wages per day and "found." Behind him, they assert, were many of the leading Republicans of the state, who carefully laid the plot, and chose for the work a man who was certain to kill with the first shot. If he had failed it was the intention to rid the state of Goebel in another fashion.

The talk that there was to be trouble in the legislature is borne out by the prosecution's evidence. The lawyers declare that the Republicans had determined, if they could stop the triumph of Goebel, in no other way, to start a fight in the joint session of the legislature, and that while the battle was in progress picked men in the galleries were to kill Goebel.

The principal witness for the prosecution will be Sergeant F. Wharton Golden of the Barboursville company of the state militia. He was in the city this afternoon, and had a conference of three hours with Thomas Campbell and other attorneys retained by the prosecution.

Golden was in Frankfort during the days before the assassination, when Governor Taylor surrounded himself with soldiers in citizens' clothes and with mountaineers, and when it seemed every day that some bitter partisan might bring on a battle between the armed Republicans and Democrats. Golden is alleged to have given details to the lawyers which will enable them to bring out all the facts of the plot.

He is expected to go on the stand during the trial of Powers and the other five prisoners now under arrest, and to tell of a mountain plot from the beginning. Details of the taking of 1,200 mountaineers to Frankfort January 25 will be given, with names of the persons who are said to have chartered the special trains and furnished arms and ammunition to the men. All of them were armed with modern weapons.

He will tell of the mustering of these men, their organization, their action Frankfort, and the plan of campaign they were to adopt in case the Democrats showed any intention of using force to take the governorship from Taylor. He will say that, when it was seen that the trouble was not to be stirred up by the Democrats, all except 100 men were sent home, but this picked body was retained in Frankfort until after the assassination of Goebel, and that some of them are even now acting as the body guard of Governor Taylor.

He will declare, according to the lawyers, that the assassination of Goebel was coolly planned by Republicans in Frankfort, the belief being that, with this leader out of the way, the party could remain in control of the situation. He was present, he will say, at the conference at which the plans were made, and he is expected to give the names of three young men of Barboursville, who, he alleges, were offered $1,200 if they would kill the Democratic leader. He will accuse one of the men now under arrest of proffering the bribe.

The man who did the shooting is described as a notorious character in the mountains, one with whom killing has been made a science, and Golden will say a large sum was paid to him for the task of slaying Goebel. The sergeant asserts a rifle was not used, as the Goebelites have held, but that the weapon was a long rifle pistol, which shoots a steel bullet of 30-calibre, propelled by a large amount of smokeless powder. He also expects to show from what window the shots were fired, and how and by whom the assassin was stationed there.

ANOTHER RAID ON CHINA.

Germany Said to Be Planning to Occupy Shan Tung Province.

VICTORIA, B. C., March 18.—According to advices by the Adzu Maru today, the report that Germany is to essay what is everywhere recognized as a practical occupation of the provinces of Shan Tung is generally credited as being in line with the accepted plans of foreign encroachment in China.

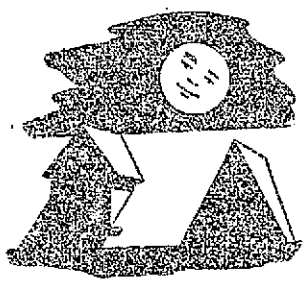
The steps of the process are outlined as follows: First, a railway concession; troops to protect the works; military occupation, and, finally, complete alienation of the territory. This has been Russia's course in Manchuria, and it is pointed out that Germany will follow it. In the meantime it is said the signs are rife that the great empire will soon be torn by civil strife.

IVORINE Washing Powder

24 OZ. PACKAGE 10¢

Cake of Williams "White Glycerine" Toilet Soap in Every Package.

THE MAN IN THE MOON



Sees strange sights and grows used to them in time, no doubt.

Even our ugly hansom automobiles will soon cease to surprise him; but he never can understand why people are willing to drink poor, health-menacing coffee when the best the world produces is easily obtained.

When we speak of the best coffee, we of course refer to the kind sold by Chase & Sanborn. Their Seal Brand Java and Mocha is famous for its excellence, and their high grade coffees which come packed in parchment lined richly colored bags are in great demand.

The greatest care in selection and packing is exercised.

With coffee pure like this, more enjoyment is experienced. No danger to health need be feared.

These coffees produce that deep port wine color before cream, and golden after cream, so much desired by coffee lovers.

Chase & Sanborn's Coffees.

He Lost His Train

Because his watch deceived him. Every watch, no matter how fine, needs a general overhauling once in awhile, to keep it in good running order. We make a specialty of repairing fine watches and jewelry, the resetting of precious stones, which we do in the best style of the watchmakers' and jewelers' art at

Wm. O. Glazier's, 96 SPRING ST.

Armsted Hurley.

When in need of Painting, Papering or Glazing

Call at Corner Bridge and Cross Streets.

TRAVELERS' DIRECTORY.

New York, New Haven & Hartford Railroad.

EASTERN DISTRICT.

Time tables showing local and through train service between all stations may be obtained at all ticket offices of this company.

On and after Oct. 30, 1899, trains will leave Newport for Boston, Terminal Station, week days, 7:00, 8:20, 9:00, 11:00 a. m.; 1:00, 2:00, 5:00, c9:15 p. m. Return, 6:42, 8:12, 10:42 a. m.; 12:42, 3:48, 4:42, a6:00, 6:42 p. m. MIDDLETOWN AND PORTSMOUTH, 7:00, 9:00, 11:00 a. m.; 1:00, 3:00, 5:00, c9:15 p. m. PORTSMOUTH GROVE (flag stop), 7:00, 9:00, 11:00 a. m.; 1:00, 3:00, 5:00 p. m. BRISTOL FERRY, TIVERTON, FALL RIVER and TAUNTON, 7:00, 8:20, 9:00, 11:00 a. m.; 1:00, 3:00, 5:00, c9:15 p. m. MIDDLEBORO, 8:20, 11:00 a. m., 3:00, 5:00 p. m. HYANNIS, 11:00 a. m.; 3:00 p. m. PROVINCETOWN, 3:00 p. m. PLYMOUTH, 11:00 a. m.; 3:00 p. m. NEW BEDFORD, 8:20, 11:00 a. m.; 1:00, 3:00, 5:00 p. m. FITCHBURG, and Stations on Northern Division, 8:20, 11:00 a. m.; 3:00 p. m. LOWELL, 11:00 a. m.; 3:00 p. m. COTTAGE CITY, 11:00 a. m. PROVIDENCE, 7:00, 8:20, 9:00, 11:00 a. m.; 1:00, 3:00, 5:00 p. m. Return, 7:35, 9:30, 11:30 a. m.; 1:30, 3:30, 4:20, 5:30, a6:30 p. m.

SUNDAYS for BOSTON, 7:00, 11:00 a. m.; 3:00, 5:00 p. m. Return, 6:27, 8:15 a. m.; 12:15, 4:28 p. m. For PROVIDENCE, 7:00, 11:00 a. m.; 3:00, 5:00 p. m. Return, 7:30, 9:30 a. m.; 1:30, 5:30, 6:30 p. m. For PORTSMOUTH GROVE, 7:00, 11:00 a. m.; 3:00, 5:00, c9:15 p. m. For MIDDLETOWN, PORTSMOUTH, BRISTOL FERRY, TIVERTON, FALL RIVER, SOMERSET DIGHTON, NORTH DIGHTON, WEST VILLAGE and TAUNTON, 7:00, 11:00 a. m.; 3:00, 5:00, c9:15 p. m. NEW BEDFORD, 7:00, 11:00 a. m.; 5:00 p. m.

a Boat from Fall River.
c Wharf Station.

A. C. KENDALL, Gen'l. Pass. Agent, Boston.
C. PETER CLARK, Gen'l. Supt., Boston.

OFFICIAL TIME TABLE.

Newport & Fall River Street Railway Co.

Leave Fall River for Newport—*6:45, 7:45, 8:35, 9:45, 10:40, 11:35 a. m.; 12:15, 1:15, 2:45, 3:45, 4:45, 5:45, 6:45, 7:45, 8:45, *9:45, *10:45 p. m.

Leave Newport for Fall River—**7:15, 8:15, 9:15, 10:15, 11:15 a. m.; 12:15, 1:15, 2:15, 3:15, 4:15, 5:15, 6:15, 7:15, 8:15, 9:15, *10:15 p. m.

* To Portsmouth car house only.
** Not run Sunday.

Subject to delays, changes and corrections without notice.

Office at Portsmouth, R. I., is connected with long distance telephone. Special cars may be had upon application at the office of this company or at the office of the Globe Street Railway Co., at Fall River.

R. S. GOFF, General Manager.

For Block Island.

Steamer C. W. Danielson, Captain Dodge, will leave Commercial wharf Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays at 1:00 p. m. Returning, leave Block Island Mondays, Wednesdays and Fridays at 8 a. m., weather permitting.

Farmers' Headquarters,

THE GEO. A. WEAVER CO.,

NEWPORT, R. I.

Just received, seven carloads of the noted

"Swift Sure" Fertilizer

and one carload of SEED POTATOES, which are in cellar ready for delivery. This stock is fine. Our prices for cash trade will surprise you.

We have two carloads of POTATOES to arrive about the 20th inst.

Field Seeds.---

A full line of Clover, Timothy and Cleaned Red Top, which we own at very low prices and offer on small margins for cash.

Remember, we meet all competition in prices while our stock is the choicest. A full line of GARDEN and FLOWER SEEDS, PLOWS, CULTIVATORS, HARROWS and everything for the farm. A solid disc HARROW for $10, if you set it up. This would be cheap at $22 in these times.

5-tine FORKS for 85c. 6-tine FORKS for 90c., worth more money but we want your trade.

A full line of HARNESS at prices to suit.

The ZAZA CORSETS.

Full lines in all colors and sizes now in stock.

The most popular corsets ever put on the market.

50c. per pair.

Wm. B. Sherman, Jr.,

TRAVELERS' DIRECTORY

FALL RIVER LINE.

For New York, the South and West

Steamers PLYMOUTH and PILGRIM in commission. A fine orchestra on each.

Leave Newport week days only at 9:15 P. M. Due New York 7:00 A. M.

Returning from New York steamers leave Pier 19, N. R., foot of Warren street, week days only at 5:00 P. M.

Eastward steamers touch at Newport, remaining here until 3:45 A. M. before proceeding to Fall River.

For tickets and staterooms apply at New York & Boston Dispatch Express Office, 272 Thames street, J. I. Greene, Ticket Agent.

J. H. JORDAN, Agent, Newport, R. I.
O. H. TAYLOR, General Passenger Agent, New York.

Providence, Fall River & Newport STEAMBOAT CO.

ON AND AFTER FEBRUARY 17, LEAVE NEWPORT FOR

Providence

Week days only 8:30 a. m. Leave Providence for Newport week days only 4 p. m.

Mondays and Saturdays only stop at Prudence each way. Stop at Conanicut Mondays only each way.

Special Saturday Excursion 75c. Good to return only at 4 p. m. same day or following Monday.

A. BUFFUM, Supt. Transportation.
ARTHUR H. WATSON, President.

Jamestown & Newport Ferry Co.

FROM FOOT OF MARKET SQUARE, NEWPORT.

On and after October 5, 1899,

Steamer Conanicut or Beaver Tail

Will run as follows:

Leave Jamestown—6:15, 8:15, 10:00, (U. S. Mail); 11 a. m.; 12:50, 2:00, 3:30, 5:00, (U. S. Mail); 6:00 p. m.

Leave Newport—6:45, 9:30, 10:30, (U. S. Mail); 12:00 a. m.; 1:30, 2:30, 4:30, (U. S. Mail); 5:30, 6:30 p. m

SUNDAYS.

Leave Jamestown—9 a. m.; 12:30, 4 p. m.
Leave Newport—9:30 a. m.; 1:00, 4:30 p. m.
Subject to change without notice.

Newport & Wickford Railroad and Steamboat Co.

"The Wickford Route."

IN EFFECT NOVEMBER 1, 1899.

LEAVE	A M	P M	P M	P M
Newport,	*10:00	*1:20	*4:10	*7:35
Providence, arrive,	11:50	3:18	5:50	9:50
Boston, arr.,	7:18	4:30	7:00	11:00
New York, arr.,	4:30	6:57	11:00	B
	P M	P M	P M	P M
LEAVE	A M	A M	A M	P M
New York,	c*12 02	*5 00	*10 02	*1 02
Boston,		10 03	1 03	3 00
Providence,		11 14	2 10	4 15
Newport, arr.,	6 35	1 00	4 00	6 40
	A M	P M	P M	P M

* Daily except Sundays.

B Washington Express due Harlem River Station, New York, 2:06 A. M.; Philadelphia, 6:40 A. M.; Baltimore, 9:25 A. M.; Washington 10:32 A. M.

c Following this train is the through Federal Express (via Harlem River) leaving Washington at 5:00 P. M.; Baltimore 5:58 P. M.; Philadelphia 8:10 P. M., due at Wickford Junction 5:14 A. M.; Newport, 6:35 A. M.

For tickets and drawing room chairs apply on steamer General, Commercial wharf, or at the Transfer Co.'s office, 30 Bellevue avenue.

C. H. COFFIN, Agent, Newport.

The Muenchinger-King and Hill Top Cottages,

NEWPORT, R. I.

Families or private parties, transient or permanent, accommodated at the above cottages, opposite Newport Reading Room.

BELLEVUE AVENUE.

WINTER BOARD.

A few rooms now vacant at Nason Cottage. Sanitary plumbing, hot water heat, house comfortable and pleasant.

GEO. NASON, 26 Mill Street.

OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

Boston & Philadelphia Steamship Co.,

—FROM—

Fall River to Philadelphia Direct,

Every Wednesday and Saturday,

At 6 P. M., connecting at Philadelphia with all rail and water lines to the south and west. Close connection made with all points on the N. Y., N. H. & H. Railroad.

Quick Despatch. Prompt Delivery.

Mark goods WINSOR LINE.

For rates and other information apply to J. H. JORDAN, Agent N. Y., N. H. & H. R. R. or to H. J. Jernegan, Agent, Derrick Wharf, Fall River.

E. B. SAMPSON, Gen'l. Manager, Boston, Mass.

HAY, GRAIN, MEAL, ETC.

Wheat

$20 per ton.
$1.10 per cwt.

We have received a carefully selected stock of all new

Grass Seeds.

It will pay you to examine before purchasing elsewhere.

The Chas. E. Spooner Co.,

COMMERCIAL WHARF.

Hay, Grain and Straw, Salt, etc.

D. Shanahan, Commercial Wharf.

Robes and Blankets

Stable Blankets from 75c. up.

—AT—

HENRY BIDSEL & SONS'

258 & 258 THAMES STREET.

Winter Board for Horses.

Practicing veterinary in full charge of stable. 15 acre paddock (perfectly smooth and no barbed wire. Stable ventilation perfect. For further in-

THE TRADES.

GODDARD & BARLOW,

PRACTICAL

Tinsmiths and Metal Workers.

Work done at reasonable rates. Tin roofing and general jobbing.

REAR 192 THAMES STREET.

Floor Tiles.

J. B. COTTRELL,

Marble and Granite Worker

Work done in the best manner.

WARNER STREET. Opposite Island Cemetery.

M. A. McCORMICK,

Carpenter & Builder.

ESTIMATES GIVEN AND JOBBING PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.

Office and Residence, 31 Dearborn St. Telephone.

Charles H. Burdick & Sons,

CONTRACTORS and BUILDERS.

JOBBING A SPECIALTY.

Shop, Rear 33 Howard Street.

Office 43 Howard Street.

P. O. Box 125. Telephone.

Smith Bosworth & Co.,

MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN

DOORS, SASH, BLINDS,

WINDOW FRAMES, ETC.

WEST BROADWAY.

U. G. NASON,

Copper, Tin, Sheet Iron and Furnace Work. Tin Roofing and General Jobbing promptly attended to.

12 WEST BROADWAY.

TAYLOR & HOWARD,

House Painters and Decorators,

14 WEAVER AVENUE.

P. J. MURPHY,

Practical Plumber,

OFFICE AND SHOW ROOMS

161 & 165 Spring St.

W. H. COFFIN,

Carpenter and Builder,

Langley's Wharf, Opp. Postoffice.

RESIDENCE 93 BROADWAY.

Jobbing promptly attended to.

F. A. ALLAN, JR.,

Contractor and Builder.

Residence and Shop, 15 Gibbs Ave.

TELEPHONE CONNECTION.

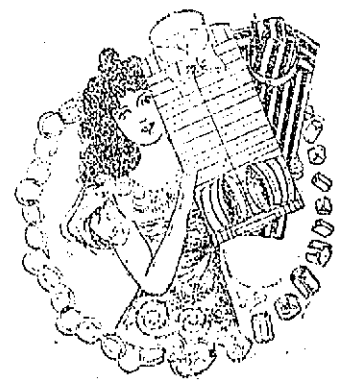
Removal!

LINCOLN HAMMETT & CO.

HAVE REMOVED THEIR PLACE OF BUSINESS FROM 71 MILL ST. TO

32 MILL STREET.

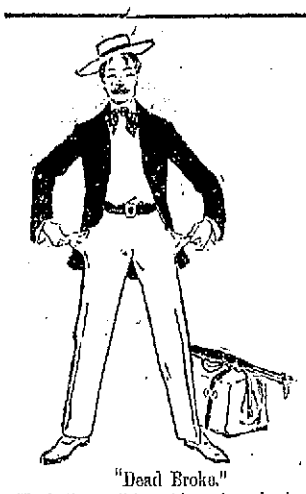
Bells of all kinds put in and repaired.



Empire Laundry.

Hand Work Only. Satisfaction Guaranteed.

Orders left at the laundry, 155 Prospect Hill Street, and 169 and 171 Thames Street, will



"Dead Broke."

That's the condition of lots of people because they have been "laid off."

Nine times out of ten there's no excuse for it. Nine times out of ten they would find their services in great demand if they would make their qualifications and desires known through the Daily News want columns.

If the coat fits you, send in your copy.

SITUATIONS WANTED.

WANTED—Situation to do general housework. Apply at 608 Thames street.

HELP WANTED.

WANTED—Girl for general housework. Apply at 15 Gibbs avenue.

WANTED—A good white woman cook for restaurant. Address Box 36, Daily News Office.

WANTED—A Swede woman to do general housework in a family of three. Call at 218 Broadway.

WANTED—Experienced girl or elderly woman for general housework. Small family. Address, mentioning references and wages wanted, Box 44, Daily News Office.

WANTED—Services of intelligent reliable permanent man. Office and outside work. Enclose stamp and references. A. T. Morris, P. O. General Delivery.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—Early Wednesday evening, between Allan's court and Mann avenue, a brown feather muff. Please return to 2 Allan's court and receive reward.

TENEMENTS, ROOMS AND BOARD.

TO LET—Stable on State street, with six stalls, room for six carriages, in good order. Price $200. Apply to DeBlois & Eldridge.

TO LET—Upper part of house at 14 Central court; eight rooms; conveniences. Apply on premises.

MILLINERY AND DRESSMAKING.

Interesting Offerings in New

SPRING FLOWERS.

Roses and Violets, 25c. a bunch.

M. E. TOBIN,

46 & 48 WASHINGTON SQUARE.

Great Reduction in Prices

—OF—

MILLINERY GOODS

AT THE

Broadway Millinery Store,

G. H. KIRBY, - 86 Broadway

NOW IS THE TIME

To Buy Novelties and French Patterns at Half Price.

N. L. MASON, - 18 BROADWAY.

GOLF HATS, 25c.,

Former Price 75c., $1.25, $1.75 and $2.

F. N. Dawley, 111 Thames St.

A. M. DUNPHY, DRESSMAKER,

Formerly of Park Square, Boston,

HAS OPENED PARLORS AT 6 MOUNT VERNON STREET.

INSTRUCTION.

Do You Wish a Good Business Position?

There are places for all who are capable. We will prepare you for a good position and help you get it too. Expense moderate. You can begin any time. Sessions day and evening. Get full particulars.

NEWPORT BUSINESS COLLEGE,
4 Washington Square.
A. M. STEED, Prin.

MISS OPITZ,

of Dresden and New York, offers her services as

Instructress in Piano and German.

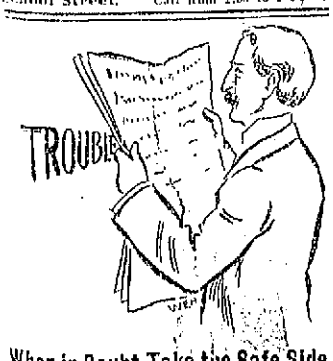
Pupils taught Piano in the German language if desired. Children's classes formed. Address 31 Clarke street. Refers to former patrons in Newport and New York.

Alfred G. Langley, A. M.,

PRIVATE TUTOR.

Piano Instruction and Accompanying.

School Street. Call from 1:30 to 3 P. M.



When in Doubt Take the Safe Side.

The rule for the railroad man is: "When in doubt take the safe side." This rule should apply to every person when in doubt about his eyes. Be on the safe side by consulting our optician when in need of glasses, and you WILL be in need of them; for a time comes in the lives of all when sight wanes and glasses are required. The first glasses, if no others, should be carefully fitted by an experienced optician to avoid mistakes that may cause life-long trouble. Examinations free.

H. A. HEATH & CO.,

OPTICIANS AND OPTICIANS.

OUR NEW POSSESSIONS.

Information About Them in a Public Document.

Gives Area, Population, Resources, Exports and Imports.

WASHINGTON, March 17.—The senate of the United States and the country is indebted to Senator Lodge, chairman of the committee on the Philippines, for a publication containing condensed information of the islands which is far better than anything else that has yet been compiled on the subject. Under a resolution of the senate Senator Lodge's committee was directed to make a brief compilation of all the latest information and suggestions to be obtained, including areas, population, races and tribes, mineral resources, agriculture, exports and imports, forests and harbors, of these islands. In a pamphlet of 29 pages there is condensed all the information that the average person wishes to acquire concerning the islands unless he is personally interested in some particular subject, and in this same pamphlet he is able to obtain references which will give him the additional information. It is more than likely that there will be a great demand for this document on account of the growing interest in the islands which were acquired from Spain and which will in the future be the principal topic of discussion and have such a great influence upon the politics of the country.

Number and Limits.

This pamphlet gives the names of the more important islands of the group and also the area as far as known. Quoting from the coast and geodetic survey, it is stated that 948 islands have been counted, while there are on large scale charts some 1,725. The total area of the islands, the smaller ones being estimated, is 119,542 square miles, while the shore line is 11,444 statute miles. One of the principal reasons given why it would be impossible to have free trade with the Philippines is because the islands are so numerous and the shore line so great that it would make it absolutely impossible for the United States to prevent smuggling and that it would soon become the principal industry of the islands. The same statement is made in regard to Cuba, and the fact has been pointed out that in the Philippines the United States, with a fleet of war vessels and 60,000 soldiers, has been unable to prevent the smuggling of arms and ammunition to the Filipinos and that Spain was unable to prevent, with her entire fleet, the smuggling of war materials to the Cubans. These are among the reasons given in the pamphlet why there never should be free trade between the Philippines or Cuba and the United States.

The People of the Islands.

The population of the islands is estimated at 6,985,124, although the agent of the census bureau, from whom this estimate is taken, says that he believes the basis is too low, and the pamphlet gives the figure at 8,000,000 in round numbers. There is an interesting chapter upon the various races and tribes which compose this population, and it is asserted that the inhabitants of the Philippines belong to three sharply distinct races—the Negrito, the Indonesian and the Malayan. The first is said to be a disappearing tribe, and their number is estimated at 25,000. The Indonesian is estimated at about 200,000 and the rest is largely Malayan. Considerable space is devoted to the habitation of the different tribes that compose the races given above, and also there is a discussion of the civilization of the various peoples and the progress which has been made among them. There are not very many Japanese in the Philippines, but a considerable number of Chinese.

Commerce, Resources, Etc.

The commerce and resources of the islands form a very interesting feature of the report for those who desire to have such information in compact form. It relates to transportation, the exports and imports, a great deal about minerals, showing where the gold, silver, iron, lead, copper and coal and marble and other articles are found and what progress is being made in the way of prospecting and working the mines. There is also a discussion of the woods and forests, which are valuable and which, it is expected, will form an important feature of the exports to the islands.

Telegraph In Alaska.

It looks now as if Alaska was to have a telegraph line, even though it be a line constructed, operated and controlled by the army. The secretary of war has asked for an appropriation for such a system, to cost between $400,000 and $500,000. The scheme as outlined is to start at Valdez, running north to the Yukon, connecting with all military stations along that river, and then from St. Michael's, under Norton sound, to Cape Nome, the newly developed goldfield. A strange feature of this telegraph line is that it is to be laid most of the distance upon the ground. It is most essential to the development of the great territory of Alaska that there be some telegraphic communication between the leading points, and it is expected that if this local line is once established it may be an incentive for laying a cable to Alaska from some point in the state of Washington. There is a demand for a cable to the Philippines, but the people of Alaska say it is just as important that there should be an all American line from the States to Alaska.

ARTHUR W. DUNN.

IN THE SERVICE OF THE HUDSON BAY COMPANY.

It was like a breath from the pine-scented wilds of the North to talk with some of the trappers and hunters at the Sportsman's Show, particularly with Colin Rankin, who was for 50 years in the service of the Hudson Bay Company. Mr. Rankin rose to be a chief factor, a high rank, when it is remembered that the famous company of merchant adventurers is a more considerable affair than many governments, ruling and directly affecting the well-being of tens of thousands of people, and a chief factor is the third in rank of its service. The only superiors are commissioners in charge of the general stores at Montreal, Winnipeg, Vancouver, Victoria, Calgarry, and Edmonton, and then Lord Strathcona himself in London, the president.

Perhaps nowhere else in the world can one find adventure so thoroughly organized. The work of the Hudson Bay people is trade and barter, of course, but it is carried on in an unsettled country, altogether by means of canoes and the life of a voyager, while probably becoming monotonous to him in time, appeals to an outsider as the type of daily adventure, and it is the most populous field in the world of constant, out-door, health-giving natural life.

Men in the service think it nothing out of the ordinary to start on a canoe journey of 500 or 1,000 miles, renewing supplies from post to post, spending from two or three to 16 days in real camping tours between posts, and generally taking as a regular thing what the effete city chap regards as the only true vacation. There are hundreds of posts, each in charge of a factor who has from two or three to a dozen men in the work of establishment. Everything transported is in the hands of the voyagers, numbering thousands, each canoe or train of canoes in charge of a clerk. The chief factor has a district to oversee, calling for almost continuous traveling by canoe through all but untrodden wilds.

The personnel of this force is largely composed of Indians and half-breeds, who do the heavy work and furnish, if the term is permissible, the necessary woodcraft—the efficient handling of canoes, the piloting in the sometimes turbulent waters traversed, the incidental hunting while on the way in varying the daily menu. The standard unit in cargo work is a canoe capable of carrying two tons. Seven men and a clerk constitute the crew. The canoe itself can be borne across portages by three of the men, the other four carrying the merchandise. Sometimes trains of several canoes travel together, but organized as above, there being a saving in the number of clerks sent along. The chief factor and commissioners use a lighter canoe on their travels, manned with six or eight men and capable of making from 50 to 60 miles in a day, including portages.

The company provides everything, and since its corporation in 1670 it has accumulated a fund of knowledge in the treatment of its men that is well nigh complete, and experience has shown it to be satisfactory. Scrupulous fair dealing for centuries enables the company to command the willing services of the natives, who, Mr. Rankin says, are a jolly, cheerful race, a rather surprising statement in view of what we are taught to believe of an Indian. They are quite willing to work, are ambitious for their children; not all of them, perhaps, but in quite as good a proportion as among the white races, and are worthy associates in every way. Liquor is a bane among Indians as among whites, but tact and judgment count in the treatment of even drunken Indians.—Boston Herald.

GROCERIES.

Castoria.

Following in the trail of nearly every article that has true merit you will always find worthless imitations, and Castoria is no exception to the rule. We were offered an imitation at about half the price of the genuine, but refused to have anything to do with it.

Castoria is for children, and it is not safe to take chances with anything "ogus stuff." See that the wrapper bears the fac-simile signature of Chas. H. Fletcher, New York. This is Castoria, the genuine old reliable that has been on the market for years. You will find it

—AT—

The Boston Grocery,

BROADWAY, OPPOSITE NEW CITY HALL.

O. F. WILCOX, Prop'r.

Telephone 339-5.

Arrived today, a carload of the very best

SPRUCE KINDLING WOOD,

15 bundles for 25c.
65 bundles for $1.

James A. Eddy,

Cash Grocery and Market,

250 THAMES STREET.

Telephone No. 110.

WE PUT ON THE TWO-WIRE

Solid Rubber

—AND—

Cushion Tires,

Guaranteed for one year, the best rubber tire in the market today. Prices on application.

Fludder Bros., 15 Beach St.

GROCERIES.

WE SELL

Bennett, Simpson & Co's PURE SPICES.

They are not only pure but they are ground from thoroughly cleaned, best quality, whole spices. There is nothing better. They are the best put up.

Peckham & Manchester,

BROADWAY.

Directly opposite the New City Hall.

AT PHIL. STEVENS'S,

48 & 50 Thames Street.

5-lb. can Coffee,	GROUND OR IN THE BEAN.	$1.00
2-lb can Coffee,	- - - -	.40
1-lb. can Coffee,	- - -	.25

These coffees are guaranteed.

PURE GOLD FLOUR,

The Best on the Market.

☞ All checks given at this store cashed at the Bijou, 39 Thames street.

ESTABLISHED 1814.

Strictly Fresh RhodeIslandEggs

25c. per doz.; 5 doz. for $1.

GOOD THINGS.

B. & M. Coffee at 32c. Bremangelon, 15c.; 2 for 25c. 1-lb. Jar R. C. Jelly, 30c. Cheese Straws, 15c. Oscar's Sauce. Cocktail Catsup. Minnel Wafers. Nashvilles.

C. Sherman & Co.,

243 & 245 Thames Street.

Telephone 351-2.

EVERYONE SHOULD KNOW

That I REPAIR Sewing Machines, Bicycles, Cash Registers, Typewriters, Engines, Boilers, and all kinds of machinery, at my new shop, 6 Marlboro street. Now is the time to have your wheel put in order for spring. Send me a postal of your wants. I will call and give your order prompt attention.

GEO. W. SMITH,

MACHINIST AND GENERAL JOBBER.

6 MARLBORO STREET.

FINANCIAL.

E. L. DOUCETTE & CO.,

Commission Brokers,

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Dress Suit Case,

All leather, $3.50.

Also a lot of Heavy Blacksmith's Aprons.

Geo. Gratrix, 98 Broadway.

THE CITY OF NEWPORT.

LIQUOR LICENSES.

OFFICE LICENSE COMMISSIONERS.
MARCH 9, 1900.

The BOARD OF LICENSE COMMISSIONERS of the City of Newport are now ready to receive applications from parties who intend to apply for license to sell spirituous and intoxicating liquors for the year beginning May 1, 1900. All applications, to insure action before the beginning of the license year, must be in the hands of the Commissioners by MARCH 26, 1900, and all licenses not paid for fifteen days after the date of their granting will be revoked.

Blanks may be obtained at the office of the Commissioners, Room 2, Mercury Building, or at Room 3, Aquidneck Bank Building.

No license will be granted to sell liquor in any place with windows or doors opening other than on a public traveled way until such windows and doors shall have been covered with wire screening, or otherwise securely closed; excepting such places as are provided with tavern license from the Board of Aldermen of the City of Newport, and the location of all places to be licensed should be distinctly numbered.

By order of the Board of License Commissioners.
EUGENE C. O'NEILL, Clerk.

FINANCIAL.

NEW YORK, March 19. Wall Street—The stock market opened firm, with American Steel & Wire at 55½, ex. div.; Atchison preferred 68⅝, Burlington 127⅛, Federal Steel 50¾, Leather 12½, Louisville 82¼, Manhattan 93⅛, Missouri Pacific 45½, Brooklyn Transit 60⅝, Northern Pacific 53¼, People's Gas 98, Rock Island 109¼, Sugar 102¾, St. Paul 123¾, Southern preferred 38⅝, Tennessee Coal & Iron 96, Tobacco 105½, Union Pacific 49⅝, Union Pacific preferred 74⅞, and Third Avenue 60½.

11—A vigorous bear raid on the leading specialties caused general weakness and the opening gains were cancelled. The movement was concentrated against the New York group but spread to other specialties. Metropolitan and Tennessee Coal fell 3½, Brooklyn Transit and Third Avenue 3¼, and many other specialties over a point. Some of the low-priced railroads were infirm, including Mexican Central, Iowa Central and Colorado Southern. Covering caused some sharp rallies at 11 o'clock.

Noon—Money on call, nominally at 4 @ 4½ per cent; prime mercantile paper, 5 @ 5½ per cent; sterling exchange, steady, at $4.85⅝ for demand and $4.82 for 60 days; posted rates, $4.83½ and $4.87; commercial bills, $4.81 @ ¾; silver certificates, 60¼ @ 61¼; bar silver, 60; Mexican dollars, 47¾; government bonds, weak; railroad bonds, strong. Purchases for both accounts caused a material rise in values, in which Sugar, Tobacco and Third Avenue got from one to two points above Saturday's close. Other specialties which suffered earlier did not fully recover. New York Air Brake rose 8½. Large absorption of railroad stocks brought their level to the best of the morning. The transactions in Colorado & Southern were noteworthy, one block of 6,000 shares changing hands at 7. Profit taking in Sugar and Brooklyn Transit checked the general advance before midday. A large business was done in bonds at improved prices.

NEW YORK, March 19.

	Noon.
Atchison	25¼
Atchison preferred	68⅞
Canada Southern	48¼
Chicago, Burlington & Quincy	127½
C., C., C. & St. Louis	60
Delaware & Hudson	111
Delaware, Lackawanna & Western	178½
Erie	13
Illinois Central	113½
Lake Shore	194
Louisville & Nashville	82¼
Manhattan	92¾
Metropolitan Traction	178½
Missouri Pacific	45½
Missouri, Kansas & Texas	10¼
New Jersey Central	113½
New York Central	13½
Northern Pacific	53¾
Northern Pacific preferred	74½
Northwestern	180
Ontario & Western	23¾
Oregon Navigation	48
Reading	17½
Rock Island	109½
St. Paul	123¾
St. Paul preferred	178
Southern Pacific	29½
Texas & Pacific	16¾
Union Pacific	50
Union Pacific preferred	75
Wabash	6¾
Wheeling & Lake Erie	16
Adams Express	114
Wells, Fargo Express	122
American Express	2
American Tobacco	106½
Continental Tobacco	39½
Continental Tobacco preferred	89½
General Electric	195
Lead	34½
Pacific Mail	37½
Pullman Palace Car	183
Sugar	129½
Tennessee Coal & Iron	95
Leather	12½
Rubber	29½

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Our Compound Syrup of Hypophosphites

IS THE SUREST REMEDY IN THE WORLD FOR MAKING PURE BLOOD, STRONG NERVES AND A HEALTHY STOMACH. IT HAS BEEN IN USE LONG ENOUGH TO PROVE ITS MERITS. IT WILL IMPROVE THE APPETITE AND GIVE TONE TO THE ENTIRE SYSTEM—THERE IS NO EXCUSE FOR PALE, HALF-SICK, TIRED OUT MEN AND WOMEN. TAKE THIS GOOD TONIC AND SEE HOW LIKE A CHARM IT ACTS.

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Jewelry!

NEW AND BEAUTIFUL

Dumb-bell Cuff Buttons, gold and gold plated; some with small diamonds; very low prices. Ladies' Guard Watch Chains, very fine Brooch Pins, with PEARLS, DIAMONDS and OPALS. Rings with solitaire diamonds at the old prices. Now is the time to BUY DIAMONDS for the prices have risen considerably.

E. C. Blaine's, 245 Thames street.

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We Have a Line of CHOICE Five o'Clock

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Peleg Bryer, - Broadway.

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Children's Sets, Plated Knife, Fork and Spoon.

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Brass Fire Sets, Brass Coal Hods,
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BUY IT, USE IT AND BE CURED.

You cannot sleep nights, and still you persist in taking something said to be equal to it. DON'T BELIEVE IT. There is nothing so good and that will give so quick and lasting relief as

Dixon's Great Russian Cough Cordial.

At all druggists, 35c. a bottle. Try it and get cured of that cough.

Kindling Wood delivered to any part of the city, 4 barrels for one dollar. It is nice, dry, clean pine wood, cut from clean Kiln-dried forest trees. Beware of kindlings made from old torn-down buildings; it is more or less decayed and harbors bed bugs, ants and disease germs. It is sold very cheap, but in the end may be very dear. Leave your order at 69 to 75 Mill street.

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Every gem is selected with a view to its color and brilliancy, and it is so mounted that its full beauty is shown.

We have loose stones from ¼ to 2 carats which we will mount in original designs to suit purchaser.

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—AT—

BURLINGAME & CARRY'S.

Anything That's Musical

Will be found at our store. Our specialty is Pianos, but we have a large stock which includes everything in the musical line.

Our prices are guaranteed to be the lowest and our goods are guaranteed to be all right. A large stock of EDISON NEW PROCESS RECORDS just received.

Call and see us whether you wish to buy or not. We are glad to see you and would take pleasure in showing you our stock.

BARNEY'S MUSIC STORE,
154 THAMES STREET.

Alaska Red Salmon, 13c. per Tin.

Columbia River Salmon 20c. per Tin.

Kippered Herring, 10c. per Tin.

Soused Mackerel, 15c. per Tin.

Bailey's Ext' of Clams, Especially good for invalids. 25c. per Tin.

Sardines, 5c., 10c., 15c., 25c., 35c., 40c. per Tin.

Fresh Island Eggs, At lowest market price.

R. B. CARPENTER & CO.

Beautiful "CHATTAROI" "Cannel" Coal,

PREPARED OR

Open Grates.

IN BOX CARS, ALL HAND PICKED, SQUARE LUMPS AND SMOOTH, THIS COAL IS FULLY AS GOOD AS THE ENGLISH AND COMES MUCH LESS IN PRICE.

Perry Brothers.

CLOSE OF THE CONFERENCE.

Saturday Evening and Sunday Sessions of the Y. M. C. A. Gathering.

The Saturday evening session of the annual conference of the Young Men's Christian Associations of the Fifth and Sixth districts of Massachusetts and Rhode Island was held in the Central Baptist Church, two topics being under discussion. Mr. E. M. Robinson of Boston, assistant state secretary, spoke of "The Man of Tomorrow," referring to the boy of today as the man of tomorrow, and the advantage and need of work among the boys. He gave statistics to show that the greatest number of conversions is between the ages of 12 and 17 years, that at that period of life the most lasting impressions are unquestionably received, and that the conversions at that age are most likely to be lasting and prove of the most benefit to Christianity.

Mr. Arthur O. Pritchard of this city, a student at Brown University, made an address, from the standpoint of the student, on "The College Association," giving an interesting description of the work that is being done by the Young Men's Christian Associations in the colleges, and speaking more particularly of the work at Brown.

Rev. T. C. McClelland, Ph. D., of the United Congregational Church, spoke on the same topic from the standpoint of the alumnus. He was glad to hear of the change that had taken place in the colleges since the time when he was a student, when the young men engaged in Young Men's Christian Association work were not very active or very conspicuous. He commended the work of the religious associations in the colleges, and especially that of the Young Men's Christian Association generally, which has a field of labor which commends it to the Christian world.

Sunday was a busy day with the delegates. A consecration meeting, led by W. D. Fellows, was held at 9:30 in the Association looms, and the various representatives and delegates addressed the congregations at the Baptist, Methodist Episcopal, Congregational and Presbyterian churches at the regular morning service.

In the afternoon there was a meeting for boys at the Association rooms, at which E. M. Robinson of Boston, who is specially active in the boys' work of the state association, made an address. At the same time W. D. Fellows of Fall River addressed a women's meeting at the First Methodist Episcopal Church. Later in the afternoon the regular Association men's meeting was held at the First Baptist Church, the address being by Mr. H. M. Moore of Boston.

The delegates again occupied the pulpits of the churches in the evening, the meetings being held early, and at their conclusion a farewell service was held at the Central Baptist Church, where a large congregation was gathered. The meeting was conducted by Mr. H. M. Moore, and addresses were made by Mr. Moore, A. T. Stratton of Pawtucket, Charles R. Thurston of Providence, Hon. J. W. Horton, president of the local Association; State Secretary R. M. Armstrong, General Secretary W. L. Tisdale of this city, and W. D. Fellows of Fall River.

QUESTION RAISED IN A NEW SHOREHAM CASE.

The question whether an appeal from the award of commissioners in eminent domain proceedings is a "suit" within the meaning of the federal statute regulating the removal of causes from the state to the federal court was argued Saturday before the appellate division of the supreme court in connection with the appeal of William S. McCotter from the Town Council of New Shoreham.

The case is a petition for a trial in the matter of the order of the town council with reference to the layout of a highway in that town known as the Beach road. Mr. McCotter neglected to prosecute his appeal from the order of the town council, according to law, and filed a petition for a trial under the provisions of chapter 251 of the General Laws of Rhode Island.

A citation on this petition was issued and served on the members of the town council of New Shoreham, and the petitioner thereupon filed a petition for the removal of the petition for a new trial to the circuit court of the United States. The removal is opposed by Town Solicitor Champlin on the ground that such an appeal was not in the class of cases that could be appealed.

Attorneys Edwards & Angell, who appeared in favor of the right of removal, argued that such an appeal came within the legal definition of a suit that could be so removed, and the court took the matter for consideration, an elaborate brief being submitted.

SHIPBUILDING PLANT RUMORS.

For some time there have been persistent rumors that a large shipbuilding plant was to be located in Providence. There has been more or less talk in and about the Board of Trade about the establishment of such an industry, but no one appeared to be in a position to make any definite statement in regard to it. Friday rumor was again quite active and this time it was stated that officials of the Consolidated road were offering inducements to certain parties, who, it is claimed, have looked upon Groton, Conn., as a desirable place for the establishment of a plant, to come to this city, and that the parties came here to look over the field. The concern mentioned is the Eastern Shipbuilding Company, which it is stated will build large ocean steamers. Nothing of an official or authoritative nature could be learned in regard to this movement, however. The latest rumor comes from a statement made in the New London Telegraph. New London, it appears, has been much excited during the past few days over a published report to the effect that the Eastern Shipbuilding Company was to establish an immense shipyard at Groton. At this shipyard it was stated that four of the largest steamships in the world were to be built for the Great Northern Railroad Company. These steamers, it is said, are to ply between Pacific coast ports and China. The story printed in the Telegraph intimated that the shipyard people were casting an eye Providence way, being instigated so to do by the Consolidated road, which had land with a water frontage which it wants the former concern to settle upon, instead of locating at Groton. Hence, although nothing of a very tangible nature in the shipbuilding line has yet appeared in New London, the town is at present suffering from a bad fright at the prospect of a projected big industry going elsewhere. As stated, nothing definite regarding the matter could be learned here, and the New London announcement has as yet created no excitement here.—[Providence Journal.

PORTSMOUTH.

[Regular correspondence of the News.]

Mrs. James M. Estes of the Friends' meeting, Newport, preached at Friends' Church Sunday morning, and in the evening Mrs. Phebe Aydelotte of the Friends' meeting, Fall River, spoke on the subject of "Foreign Missions."

Rev. George H. Butler of Providence preached at the Methodist Episcopal Church Sunday morning. He is guest of Mr. Robert M. Wyatt. Rev. E. S. Hammond and Mr. Wyatt are both ill.

Rev. G. H. Patterson officiated at Mrs. Thomas M. Field's funeral. The bearers were Robert Anthony and Herbert Chase (by request of Mrs. Field), Michael Murphy and George I. Anthony.

Some time last week some one broke into the Vaucluse schoolhouse by breaking the sash and glass from one of the windows, and when they went away left the door open. Suspicion is directed against three boys noted for their propensity for mischief, who have been seen in company frequently of late.

Mr. Joseph F. Manchester visited Fall River Saturday.

The wind blew a gale about 3 o'clock Saturday afternoon. Passengers waiting for the electric car in Tiverton at the switch where the car waiting room was burned could scarcely keep upon their feet, the wind actually moving them against their will.

Mrs. Julia Lyon, who has been guest of her sister, Mrs. Robert M. Wyatt, for the last fortnight, returned to her home in Mossup, Conn., Saturday, accompanied by Mrs. Wyatt. Mrs. Lyon fell, injuring her wrist, about seven weeks ago. She secured the best medical skill available, and it was pronounced a bad sprain and treated as such, but as the wrist did not improve and her arm began to wither she came to Fall River for advice, where she was told that two bones were broken and the mischief done could not be fully repaired, but only helped. Who she left for home quite a little improvement had taken place.

There will be no meeting of the King's Daughters this week.

Mr. and Mrs. George H. Chace of Providence are guests of their parents, Mr. and Mrs. William H. Chace.

Mr. and Mrs. Israel H. Orswell are in Somerset with their daughter, Mrs. Stephen Durfee, who is very ill.

Mr. and Mrs. George Manchester spent a few days last week with Captain and Mrs. Samuel Sherman of Providence.

Mr. and Mrs. P. Malone and their daughter Edna have recently been guests of Mr. and Mrs. Ulysses G. Brownell of New Bedford.

Mr. and Mrs. John R. Manchester have been spending a few days in Providence with relatives.

Mr. and Mrs. Parker H. Sherman spent Sunday in Fall River, with their daughter, Mrs. George White.

Mrs. George Hart was guest last week of Miss Ethel Grinnell.

The principal of the Newport Business College being away on his wedding trip and the other teacher indisposed, the place will be filled for the present by Mr. H. Chester Hedly of this town.

Mrs. Sarah Congdon of Norwich, Conn., formerly Sarah Thomas of this town, and her daughter, Miss Alice, have been guests of Mrs. Constant C. Chase.

Miss Peck of Bristol has been visiting her mother, Mrs. W. T. Sherman.

Mr. Albert W. Lawrence was guest last week of Mr. and Mrs. John B. Hambly of Boston.

Mrs. Philip B. Chase, who fell a week ago, striking her face upon the floor and laming her wrist, is improving.

Mr. Edwin Manchester, who has been a great sufferer for many months, has been very much worse for a few days.

Miss Kate L. Durfee returned Saturday from a visit to Providence, during which a reunion was held of the party of young women who spent a month together in Paradise, Nova Scotia, two summers ago.

LIFE IN "SUNKEN VILLAGE."

There are some queer spots in New York city, unusual places that one would not dream existed in the metropolis of the western hemisphere. One of them is "Sunken Village," which is bounded by Sixty-second and Sixty first streets and Central Park west. It consists of eight shanties situated on a tract of land about 15 feet below the level of the surrounding streets. A high board fence incloses the "village" on all sides, and behind it the villagers eat and sleep, work and play, live and die, undisturbed by the gaze of the curious.

The shanties were constructed of boards, but they have been patched and thatched till but little of the original material of which they were built remains. Just how long they have been there no one seems to know. In the days of the old Bloomingdale road the "village" was proportionately as far from the city as Mount Vernon is now. In those days the settlement contained inns and resorts of various kinds, and driving parties gathered there to pass a merry evening undisturbed.

The city grew apace, and in taking a mighty leap passed over "Sunken Village" and forgot that it had been left behind. The surrounding country was filled and graded, but "Sunken Village" remained at its original level. Fine residences, the abodes of wealth and refinement, were erected all around, but the residents of "Sunken Village" paid no attention to them. They went their way, and the towering homes of luxury cast no shadow upon their hearthstones or in any wise influenced their lives. Most of the shanties have been handed down from father to son for generations, and those who occupy them pay only ground rent to the owners of the property, and this suffices to pay the taxes. As a class the dwellers there are Ishmaelites; they have but little intercourse with others, neither do they wish the outside world to intrude itself upon them. They are contemptuously spoken of even by the very poor of other west side districts as "squatters" and "gypsies."

But the "Sunken Villagers" do not care. They go calmly on in their own way. Once in a while there is a fire, a fight, or a suicide in the "village." Then the outside world will notice it for a moment and then forget all about the place. But such an event furnishes the villagers a topic for weeks and months. —[New York Times.

STAMP COLLECTING.

A Fascinating Hobby---Some Newport Enthusiasts.

One of the most fascinating hobbies, or, as some prefer to call it, sciences, of the present day is that of stamp collecting or philately. Its votaries are numbered in this country by the hundreds of thousands; the professional man, scientist, business man and gentleman of leisure alike have succumbed to its subtle charm, though it is principally of the schoolboy collection that we hear. The pastime is by no means confined to America, for abroad, principally in England and France, nobleman and artisan collect the bright bits of paper, arranging them attractively in albums provided for the purpose.

There are in existence in this country over 100 firms dealing exclusively in stamps, to say nothing of numerous men who make the industry a side issue. Of the larger firms there is one in New York doing a business of over $200,000 annually. The American Collectors' Company, an incorporated company, with a capital of $100,000, also does a large and profitable business, while Stanley Gibbons & Co. of the Strand, London, a concern with a capital of £75,000.00 ($375,000.00), have probably the largest trade in the world.

The manner of selling stamps is by catalogue or price list. Specimens are also hinged upon priced sheets and sold in packages. Auctions of rare stamps are held regularly in the large cities, and from $1,000 to $25,000 is generally realized at a sale. A large collection was recently placed under the hammer in New York, the owner receiving about $27,000. A description of the sale, taken from the New York Journal, is as follows:

More than 10,000 stamps, in about 3,300 lots, were sold, bringing $26,913.67. Though this was a much smaller sum than was expected, it was far in advance of any previous amount realized upon a collection sold under the hammer.

The banner stamp of the sale was a two-cent British Guiana, issued in 1850. This was sold for $1,710. The purchaser declined to reveal his identity, but it is supposed the stamp was purchased for the Duke of York.

F. W. Hunter, a New York lawyer, made this collection. He is young, about 34 years old. When seen, Mr. Hunter said:

"I had hoped that the amount would be far in excess of this sum. However, almost $27,000 on an $8,000 investment is not a bad percentage. This collection represents a labor extending over 24 years.

"I began collecting stamps in 1876. I was a boy then, and the idea was only a childish caprice. One day when I was in my Freshman year in Columbia I made up my mind to dispose of my collection. I supposed I would get something like $40 or $50. I got an offer of $800. This made me stop and think, and I decided to continue the pursuit as an investment. I made a specialty of United States, Canadian and West Indian stamps. Now that I have experienced all the pleasures of a collector and owner of a collection, I am rather glad to finally retire from the business.

"The two-cent British Guiana stamp, color red and black, which brought the highest price, though extremely rare, I did not value so much as I did several others. The reason it commanded such a price was because it had been most extensively advertised.

"There are at present, so far as I know, only nine of these in existence. Four are in Baron Ferrary's collection in Paris, which, by the way, is by far the most complete collection in the world, being valued at $500,000; two in the British Museum and two in the Duveen collection in New York city. The two which are the property of Mr. Duveen were discovered several years ago, and the proceeds from their sale, which amounted to between $4,500 and $5,000, were utilized for the erection of a church in Guiana.

"Among the stamps which I valued the most were city stamps, issued personally by the postmasters of various cities, and sold at a slight advance. These were five-cent stamps, issued in the years 1845 and 1846. Nineteen were sold for a dollar, to reimburse the postmaster for his trouble and expense in their issue. These stamps were used on mail going anywhere within the United States.

"The value of most of these stamps is due to the fact of some error of the printer, which was usually discovered after a few stamps were issued. For instance, a stamp of the city of Baltimore in my collection brought $255, because it was printed in red and blue and the colors by mistake were inverted."

From the Scott Stamp and Coin Company there was an expression of pleasure at the result to the sale. It was thought, however, that nearly double the price might have been secured at private sale.

One of the stamps that went at high price was that of the city of Brattleboro, Vt., five-cent stamp, issue of 1845, black on buff—$380—and the city of New Haven five-cent stamp, issue of 1846, at $350. This stamp was originally printed as an envelope. The only envelope of its kind which is now extant brought $1,800 a few years ago.

This collection was of course an exception, the majority of them being worth from $100 to $1,000, to say nothing of the collections started by the small boy or girl at school. In this connection, it is interesting to note the instructive features of a stamp collection: Its beauty first attracts the eye; the historical events outlined in the succeeding issues are impressed forcibly upon the mind; the system of coinage, too, is seen upon the stamp, while the geographical divisions of the world are at the fingers ends of the collector, and last, but not least, the artistic in one's composition is stimulated to a remarkable degree in the arrangement of a collection. Small collections may be made at a very slight expense, for many of the common stamps can be purchased at a fraction of a cent. After the 1,000 variety mark has been reached, progress is slightly more expensive.

As an investment there are few things to equal it. Many a stamp worth 10 cents 10 years ago will bring $1 today, and to enterprising Young America, we would say, collect stamps and enjoy not only the peculiar felicity known only to stamp collectors and the educational benefits, but also the feeling of a safe and paying investment.

In Rhode Island probably the most prominent collector is ex-Mayor Frank E. Olney of Providence, whose collection numbers some 13,000 varieties, and includes many rare and valuable stamps. In Newport there are some fine collections, the largest of which, numbering about 10,000 varieties, is owned by Miss Sarah S. Bowen. Mr. Percival Parrish has a valuable collection of 9,000 varieties, Mr. Hugh L. Taylor one of 5,000, and Dr. W. S. Sherman, Dr. F. A. Arnold, Mr. Walter Sherman, Mr. Winfield S. Sisson, Mr. Wilkes, Mr. Delicluse and others also possess fine collections.

The collectors of Newport have formed the Newport Philatelic Club, which meets upon alternate Tuesdays for the discussion, exchange and purchase of all things philatelic.

In conclusion, it will probably surprise many to learn that over $5,000,000 is invested in stamps in the United States alone. PHI PSI.

Newport, March 17, 1900.

TURNING NIGHT INTO DAY.

Northern Minnesota lumbermen have been turning night into day during the past winter. The weather has not been cold enough to keep the ice roads in condition for hauling logs when the sun was shining, and there was some apprehension that the logs could not be got to the riverside in time for the spring thaw. Then the expedient was adopted of having the men sleep during the day and work during the night. The melting snow covered the roads with water during the day. After sunset the water froze, and soon thereafter the work of hauling would begin, to continue until about 10 o'clock the next morning, when the roads would again be too soft for the sleds. No difficulty is now expected in getting the winter's cut out of the woods, and fears are no longer entertained of a lumber shortage in the Minnesota district.

DISCOUNT SALE.

China, Glass and Earthenware.

My annual discount sale will begin Monday, March 5, and continue through the month.

ERASTUS P. ALLAN,
131 & 133 THAMES STREET.

Red Ash Chestnut COAL.

Also other varieties of first-quality coals.

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WM. H. BOONE, AGENT.

Telephone 207-3.

We Buy from the Producer

And sell direct to the consumer. Having 23 stores in New England, we are enabled to buy large quantities and sell them to the consumer at prices often less than the wholesaler.

EGGS—You can always depend upon getting strictly fresh laid eggs from any of our stores.

BUTTER—If you like fancy fresh-made creamery butter, we always have it on hand.

SOME SPECIAL PRICES FOR THIS WEEK—Eagle brand Condensed Milk, per can, 15c.; Elite Cereal Coffee, usually sold for 20c., per pkg. 10c.; Gold Dust, per pkg. 15c.; Best unwrapped Soap, 4 bars for 10c.; Fancy Tomatoes, per can 7c.; Best Imported French Sardines, 1-lb. can 20c.; 2-lb. can Eyelet and Cortese Pineapple, 15c.; Glass butter dish filled with Mustard, 7c.; Fancy Olives, per bot., 5c., 10c., 15c., 20c., 25c., 30c.; Pickles, usually sold for 20c., per bot. 10c.; Best XXXX Family Flour, per bbl. $4.50; per bag, 65c.; Rolled Oats, 20 lbs. 20c.

TEA AND COFFEE—Regular 30c. tea, per lb. 47c. Fancy Teas, per lb. 35c. Fancy Mocha and Java Coffee, per lb. 20c.

N. Y. BUTTER AND GROCERY HOUSE,
E. A. EDES & CO.,
149 AND 151 THAMES STREET.

NEW BOOKS.

New Books.

"Mirry Ann," A Manx Story, by Norma Lorimer.
"The Greatest Gift," by A. W. Marchmont.
"The Prelude and the Play," by Rufus Mann.
Iroka: Tales of Japan, by Adachi Kinnosuke.
"The Mystery of Choice," by Robert W. Chambers.
"The Court of Boyville," by William Allen White.
"Michelangelo,"
"Rembrandt,"
A collection of pictures with introduction and interpretation by Estelle M. Hurll.

SIMON HART, 202 Thames Street
Successor to C. E. Hammett, Jr.
TELEPHONE 121-3.

The Prang Platinettes.

A COLLECTION OF ARTISTIC AND INEXPENSIVE REPRODUCTIONS OF THE MASTERPIECES OF GREAT ARTISTS.
ESPECIALLY DESIGNED FOR ART LOVERS, AND FOR SCHOOL DECORATION.
Size about 7 by 9 inches.
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Telephone 371-2.

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Are you looking for a thoroughly reliable up-to-date BICYCLE for a little money? If so the CRESCENT for 1900 fills the bill.

Prices $25 and $35

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We help customers.
They come back and buy more.
Been doing that for years.

Every once in a while a new one comes along.

So we find it necessary to BUY more goods each year.

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Coles Estate, Bellevue Ave. and Dixon St.

This fine Bellevue avenue property will be put in thorough order and attractively furnished.

It is offered for rent for next season only, because present owner will occupy "Ultus House."

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TWO FARMS,

Each containing 60 acres, on the west shore, one for $3,000 and the other for $3,700.

House lots, containing 5,000 square feet, $150 each. Sewer and water.

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Cottage House and Stable, 5 Hall Avenue.

Cottage, 6 rooms, all in good order.

Price $2,600.

WM. G. WARD, JR.,
Sole agent.